Report on the Quality of Land Surface Observations in Region II (Asia)

January – June 2019

No. 57

September 2019

RSMC Tokyo Lead Center for Monitoring Quality of Land Surface Observations

> Japan Meteorological Agency 1-3-4 Otemachi, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo 100-8122 Japan

Report on the Quality of Land Surface Observations in Region II (No. 57) January – June 2019

Summary

In its role as a Lead Center, RSMC Tokyo has issued the 57th report on the land surface observation quality monitoring for the period from January to June 2019. The report includes a consolidated list of stations suspected of producing low-quality observation data.

As a result of monitoring, five stations (38313, 38318, 40835, 40954, 41244) were excluded from the consolidated lists of the previous report (July – December 2018), and three stations (48952, 52866, 54027) were newly added to the lists.

1. Introduction

Pursuant to Paragraph 22 of Attachment II.7 of the Manual on the Global Data Processing and Forecasting System (WMO No. 485), the Regional Specialized Meteorological Center (RSMC) Tokyo was designated by the President of the Commission for Basic Systems (CBS) as a Lead Center for monitoring the quality of land surface observations (i.e., SYNOP) in Region II in March 1991. The Center is responsible for monitoring the quality of land surface observation data together with adequate evidence. The lists are to be passed on to the WMO Secretariat and monitoring centers participating in this activity as well as to Members of Regional Association (RA) II for their reference.

2. Monitored Data

Monitored surface observation data are obtained at 00, 06, 12 and 18 UTC and collected at RSMC Tokyo before the data cut-off time, defined as the end of the period in which observation data are gathered for operational analysis. The cut-off times for Japan Meteorological Agency (JMA) global analysis are shown in Table 1.

Analysis time	Data cut-off time
00 UTC	11:50 UTC
06 UTC	13:50 UTC
12 UTC	23:50 UTC
18 UTC	01:50 UTC

Table 1 Data cut-off times for JMA global analysis.

The observation elements monitored are (1) station level pressure, (2) mean sea level pressure and (3) geopotential height, hereafter referred to as SLP, MSLP and GZ, respectively. In accordance with the Manual on Codes (WMO No. 306) Volume II, GZ data on an agreed standard pressure level are reported at the stations whose elevation is higher than 800 m. Standard pressure levels defined in line with station elevation are shown in Table 2.

 Table 2
 Elevation of stations reporting GZ data and corresponding standard pressure levels.

Station elevation (m)	Pressure level (hPa)
800 - 2,300	850
2,300 - 3,700	700
Higher than 3,700	500

The numbers of stations reporting SLP, MSLP and/or GZ data in Region II are shown in Table 3, and the locations of these land surface stations are shown in Figure 1.

Table 3	Numbers of stations reporting	SLP, MSLP and/or	GZ data in Region II
---------	-------------------------------	------------------	----------------------

Element	Number of stations
SLP	1655
MSLP	1827
GZ	81

3. Monitoring Methods

The three items described below are examined for each element.

- (i) Monthly statistics on observation deviations from the most recent forecast of JMA 's global model (referred to as first-guess values) (observation minus guess, hereafter referred to as O-G) and on related trends over the monitoring period
- (ii) Monthly statistics on deviations from values observed at surrounding stations
- (iii) Reference information from other monitoring centers

Information on the latitude, longitude and altitude of each station is necessary for calculation of firstguess values. Such data for land surface station locations is retrieved from the surface-based observing system component of the Observing Systems Capability Analysis and Review Tool (OSCAR/Surface)*, replacing WMO No. 9, Volume A.

^{*}https://oscar.wmo.int/surface/index.html#/

The monitoring procedure has two steps as outlined below.

(1) Exclusion of data with gross errors from the statistical calculation sample

The following thresholds are applied for the gross error check in the first step:

$$|O-G| >= 15$$
 hPa for SLP and MSLP
 $|O-G| >= 100$ gpm for GZ

Gross error data are excluded from the calculation of BIAS (the mean of O-G) and SD (the standard deviation of O-G).

(2) Identification of suspect stations

When the total number of observations (NOBS) is 181 or more, the next criteria are applied:

BIAS >= 3 hPa for SLP and MSLP
BIAS >= 30 gpm for GZ
SD >= 5 hPa for SLP and MSLP
SD >= 40 gpm for GZ
PGE >= 25%

Stations with even one statistic exceeding the threshold are considered suspect.

Note:

- (i) The quality of observation data from stations is not checked when the NOBS value is less than 181 or the difference between H and HM is greater than 1,000 m. MSLP reports are also not checked for stations located at altitudes higher than 1,000 m above sea level.
- (ii) In case of low quality of the first-guess field, those statistics can exceed the threshold and the stations are listed in the consolidated list. To avoid such situations, statistics of surrounding stations and information from other monitoring centers are also used to judge whether the quality of the station 's first-guess field value is appropriate.

4. Monitoring Results

4.1 Consolidated list of suspect stations throughout the period

WMO IDENT	LAT (N)	LON (E)	H (m)	HM (m)	ELEM	NOBS	PGE (%)	SD	BIAS	RMS
36090	51.1	93.7	1043	1382	SLP GZ850	666 658	0 0	1.8 9.5	5.1 -0.5	5.4 9.5
38262	43.0	59.8	93	59	SLP MSLP	724 724	0 0	1.2 1.2	4.0 0.8	4.2 1.4
38719	39.1	68.9	3373	3151	SLP GZ700	359 721	8 33	4.1 23.8	6.4 49.4	7.6 54.8
38880	38.0	58.4	312	319	SLP MSLP	724 724	0 0	1.1 1.0	12.0 0.2	12.1 1.0
38944	37.5	69.4	447	593	SLP MSLP	724 724	0 0	1.6 2.4	-5.8 -6.3	6.0 6.7
38947	37.2	69.1	327	495	SLP MSLP	363 723	1 0	2.1 2.4	-3.2 0.3	3.8 2.4
40713	37.4	46.2	1478	1535	SLP MSLP	724 724	2 0	0.7 2.6	13.1 -2.6	13.1 3.7
40741	36.5	61.2	235	289	SLP MSLP	723 723	0 0	1.1 2.3	-4.3 -0.1	4.4 2.3
40854	29.1	58.4	940	1157	SLP MSLP	715 715	8 0	0.7 1.9	-13.7 -1.5	13.7 2.4
40877	28.0	57.7	470	682	SLP MSLP	715 715	0 0	0.8 1.4	-3.5 -3.9	3.6 4.1
40942	33.5	65.3	2183	2453	SLP MSLP	335 335	0 0	1.4 3.3	-6.1 -1.9	6.3 3.8
40945	34.8	67.8	2550	3232	SLP MSLP	249 249	0 9	3.7 6.2	-4.8 -3.1	6.1 6.9
41263	22.9	57.3	592	684	SLP MSLP	592 591	0 0	0.6 0.9	8.4 -2.2	8.4 2.4
41265	22.8	58.5	469	592	SLP MSLP	721 721	2 2	0.6 1.1	-5.1 -1.4	5.1 1.8
42111	30.3	78.0	683	878	SLP MSLP	712 710	0 0	1.0 1.6	6.2 -1.0	6.3 1.9
43226	14.3	74.5	60	50	SLP MSLP	701 700	0 0	0.7 0.7	4.4 0.5	4.5 0.9
43418	8.6	81.3	79	8	SLP MSLP	534 534	0 0	0.6 0.6	4.6 -0.3	4.6 0.7
43479	7.0	81.1	670	862	SLP -	354	1	0.6	-9.5	9.5
44406	29.3	81.0	617	1547	SLP MSLP	485 481	1 0	1.8 2.8	5.2 -1.6	5.5 3.2

Table 4 List of suspect land surface stations during the period from January to June 2019

WMO IDENT	LAT (N)	LON (E)	H (m)	HM (m)	ELEM	NOBS	PGE (%)	SD	BIAS	RMS
44424	29.3	82.2	2300	3274	SLP GZ700	484 478	1	1.4 14.2	-5.9 -46.0	6.1 48.1
44429	28.1	82.5	634	883	SLP MSLP	470 467	1 0	0.9 1.8	-3.8 0.4	3.9 1.8
47102	38.0	124.7	146	2	SLP MSLP	724 724	0 0	0.7 0.6	12.2 -1.3	12.2 1.4
47145	36.8	127.3	26	110	SLP MSLP	724 724	0 0	0.6 0.7	-6.6 0.2	6.6 0.7
47152	35.6	129.3	36	125	SLP MSLP	724 724	0 0	0.6 0.6	-5.8 -0.2	5.8 0.6
48921	21.6	101.9	1360	1072	SLP GZ850	491 489	2 100	1.1 *****	-4.3 *****	4.4 *****
48935	19.5	103.1	1094	1196	SLP GZ850	506 505	1 16	0.9 8.4	-0.1 -88.7	0.9 89.1
50756	47.5	126.9	248	206	SLP MSLP	724 724	0 0	0.7 1.9	3.2 2.4	3.3 3.1

WMO IDENT:	WMO station identification number
LAT:	station latitude
LON:	station longitude
H:	station elevation
HM:	model elevation
ELEM:	observed element
NOBS:	total number of observations during the period
PGE:	percentage of gross errors
SD:	standard deviation of (observation - guess)
BIAS:	bias of (observation - guess)
RMS:	root mean square of (observation - guess)

RUSSIAN FEDERATION IN ASIA

36090 - Positive bias of O-G at the station level (Figures 2 and 3)

UZBEKISTAN

38262 - Positive bias of O-G at the station level (Figures 4 and 5)

TAJIKISTAN

- 38719 Positive bias of O-G at the station level and at 700 hPa (Figures 6 and 7)
- 38944 Negative bias of O-G at the station level and at the mean sea level (Figures 6 and 8)
- 38947 Negative bias of O-G at the station level (Figures 6 and 9)

TURKMENISTAN

38880 - Positive bias of O-G at the station level (Figures 4 and 10)

IRAN, ISLAMIC REPUBLIC OF

- 40713 Positive bias of O-G at the station level (Figures 11 and 12)
- 40741 Negative bias of O-G at the station level (Figures 4 and 13)
- 40854 Negative bias of O-G at the station level (Figures 14 and 15)
- 40877 Negative bias of O-G at the station level and at the mean sea level (Figures 14 and 16)

AFGHANISTAN

- 40942 Negative bias of O-G at the station level (Figures 6 and 17)
- 40945 Negative bias of O-G at the station level (Figures 6 and 18)

OMAN

- 41263 Positive bias of O-G at the station level (Figures 19 and 20)
- 41265 Negative bias of O-G at the station level (Figures 19 and 21)

INDIA

- 42111 Positive bias of O-G at the station level (Figures 22 and 23)
- 43226 Positive bias of O-G at the station level (Figures 24 and 25)

SRI LANKA

- 43418 Positive bias of O-G at the station level (Figures 26 and 27)
- 43479 Negative bias of O-G at the station level (Figures 26 and 28)

NEPAL

- 44406 Positive bias of O-G at the station level (Figures 22 and 29)
- 44424 Negative bias of O-G at the station level and at 700 hPa (Figures 22 and 30)
- 44429 Negative bias of O-G at the station level (Figures 22 and 31)

REPUBLIC OF KOREA

- 47102 Positive bias of O-G at the station level (Figures 32 and 33)The positive bias of O-G at the station level appears to have been observed since May 2018.
- 47145 Negative bias of O-G at the station level (Figures 32 and 34)
- 47152 Negative bias of O-G at the station level (Figures 32 and 35)

LAO PEOPLE'S DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC

- 48921 Negative bias of O-G at the station level and at 850 hPa (Figures 36 and 37)
- 48935 Negative bias of O-G at 850 hPa (Figure 38)

CHINA

50756 - Positive bias of O-G at the station level and at the mean sea level (Figures 39 and 40) On the other hand, positive bias of O-G at the mean sea level has improved since May 2019.

4.2 Stations where quality deteriorated during the period

WMO	LAT	LON	Н	HM	ELEM	NOBS	PGE	SD	BIAS	RMS
IDENT	(N)	(E)	(m)	(m)			(%)			
48952	15.7	106.4	180	334	SLP	511	0	1.0	3.8	3.9
					MSLP	510	0	1.1	2.5	2.7
52866	36.6	101.8	2296	2458	SLP	724	0	0.9	-12.6	12.6
					-	-	-	-	-	-
54027	44.0	119.4	485	628	SLP	723	0	0.9	-11.8	11.8
					MSLP	723	0	1.2	0.3	1.2

 Table 5
 List of suspect land surface stations where quality deteriorated during the period

LAO PEOPLE'S DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC

48952 - Positive bias of O-G at the station level (Figures 41 and 42)

The positive bias of O-G at the station level appears to have been observed since November 2018.

CHINA

52866 - Negative bias of O-G at the station level (Figures 43 and 44)

The negative bias of O-G at the station level appears to have been observed since January 2019.

54027 - Negative bias of O-G at the station level (Figures 45 and 46)The negative bias of O-G at the station level appears to have been observed since January 2019.

4.3 Stations improved and excluded from the previous consolidated list

OMAN

41244 - Although O-G at the station level and at the mean sea level were fluctuating wildly since October 2018, both have improved since March 2019. (Figure 47)

4.4 Stations removed from the previous consolidated list

KAZAKHSTAN

38313 - Although station 38313 still displays positive biases of O-G at the station level, it was removed from the consolidated list because the number of reports (27) was insufficient for quality check-

ing. (Figure 48)

38318 - Although station 38318 still displays negative biases of O-G at the station level, it was removed from the consolidated list because the number of reports (159) was insufficient for quality checking. (Figure 49)

IRAN, ISLAMIC REPUBLIC OF

40835 - Although station 40835 still displays negative biases of O-G at the station level, it was removed from the consolidated list because the biases did not exceed the threshold. (Figure 50)

AFGHANISTAN

40954 - Although station 40954 still displays negative biases of O-G at the station level, it was removed from the consolidated list because the biases did not exceed the threshold. (Figure 51)

5. Possible Causes of Remarkable and Sustained Biases

The following are possible causes of remarkable and sustained biases

- (i) The barometer used for observation is not correctly calibrated.
- (ii) The latitude, longitude or altitude of the station in OSCAR/Surface has not been updated in a timely and appropriate manner. This could result in remarkable biases because it may cause incorrect calculated first-guess field values.
- (iii) Biases are specific to the NWP model used in quality monitoring.Note: Model biases are likely to appear in relatively large areas.

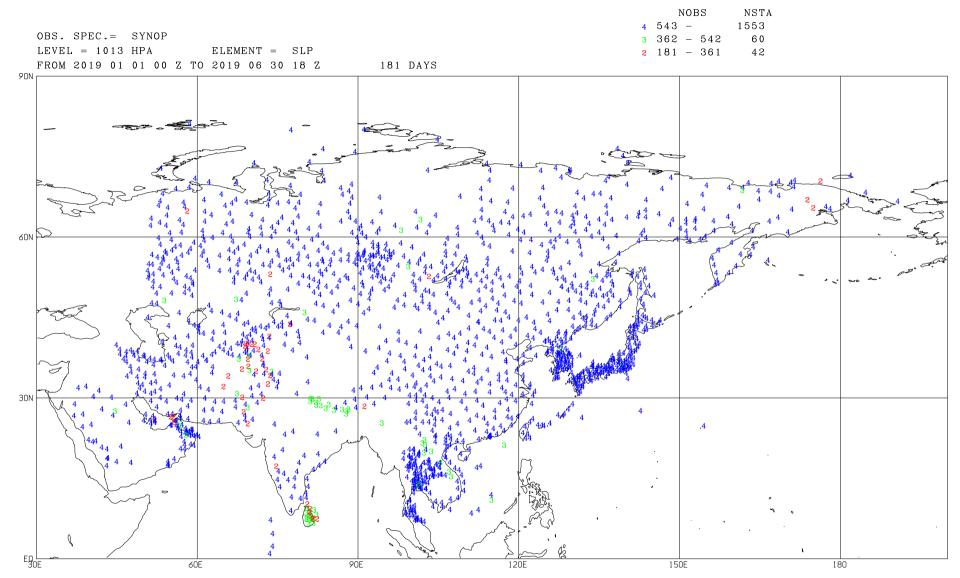


Figure 1(a) Location of all land surface stations reporting station level pressure (SLP) observations in Region II over the six-month period from January to June 2019. Numbers (2, 3, 4) show the total number of observations (NOBS) received at RSMC Tokyo. The total numbers of stations (NSTA) reporting SLP are shown at the top of the figure.

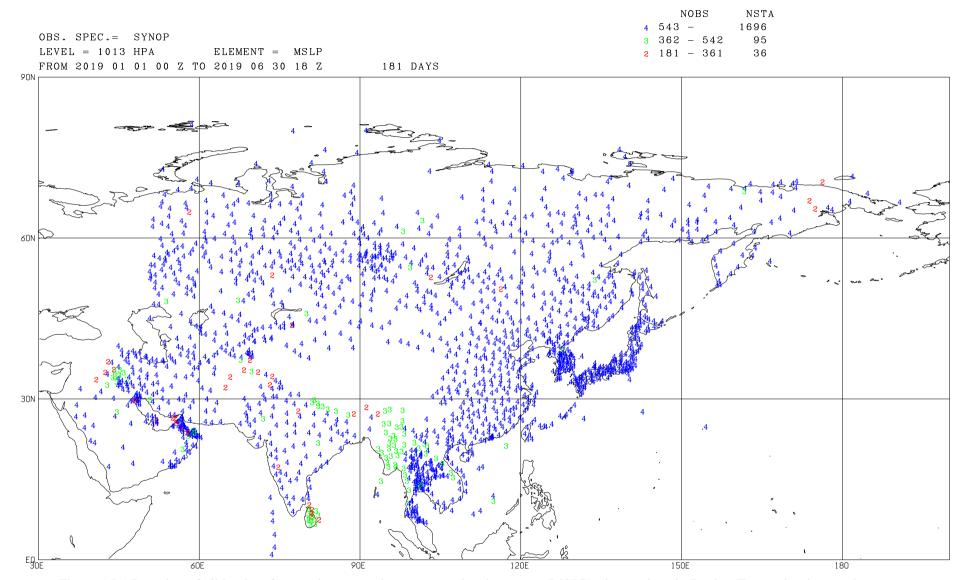


Figure 1(b) Location of all land surface stations reporting mean sea level pressure (MSLP) observations in Region II over the six-month period from January to June 2019. Numbers (2, 3, 4) show the total number of observations (NOBS) received at RSMC Tokyo. The total numbers of stations (NSTA) reporting MSLP are shown at the top of the figure.

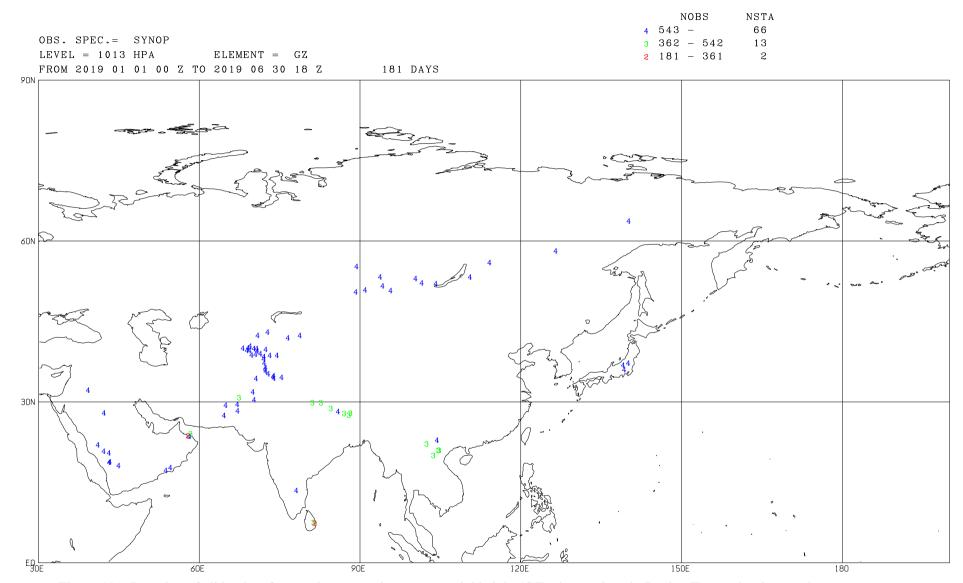


Figure 1(c) Location of all land surface stations reporting geopotential height (GZ) observations in Region II over the six-month period from January to June 2019. Numbers (2, 3, 4) show the total number of observations (NOBS) received at RSMC Tokyo. The total numbers of stations (NSTA) reporting GZ are shown at the top of the figure.

LEVEL = SUR ELEMENT = SLP 2019 01 01 00 UTC -> 2019 06 30 18 UTC (181 DAYS)

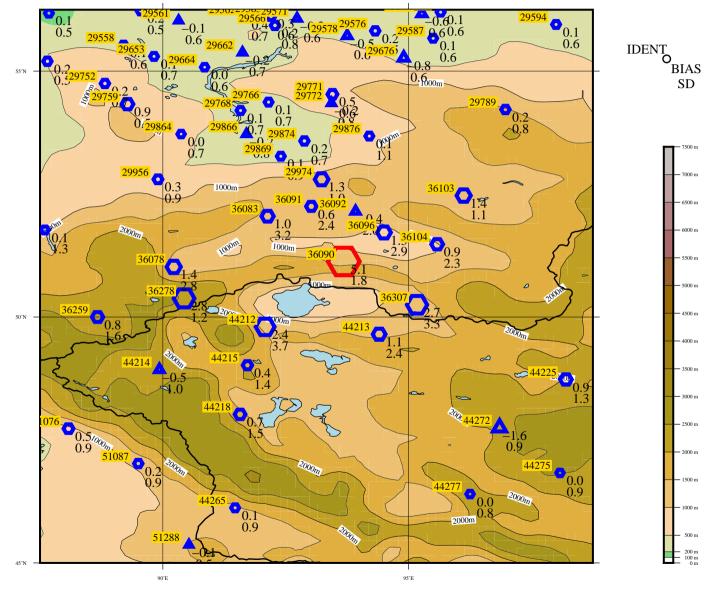
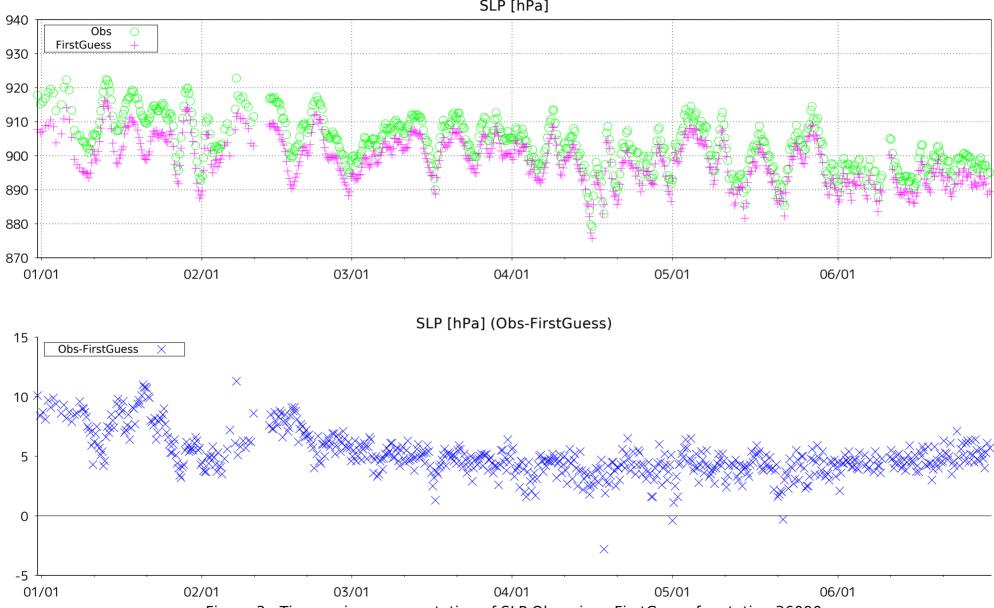


Figure 2 BIAS and SD of SLP for station 36090 (red) and surrounding stations (blue). The number to the upper left of each symbol is the WMO IDENT, and those to the lower right are the values of BIAS and SD. The size of each symbol is proportional to the value of BIAS, with hexagonal forms representing positive bias and triangular forms representing negative bias.



ID: 36090 (lat: 51.1N, lon: 93.7E)

SLP [hPa]

Figure 3 Time-series representation of SLP Obs minus FirstGuess for station 36090

LEVEL = SUR ELEMENT = SLP 2019 01 01 00 UTC -> 2019 06 30 18 UTC (181 DAYS)

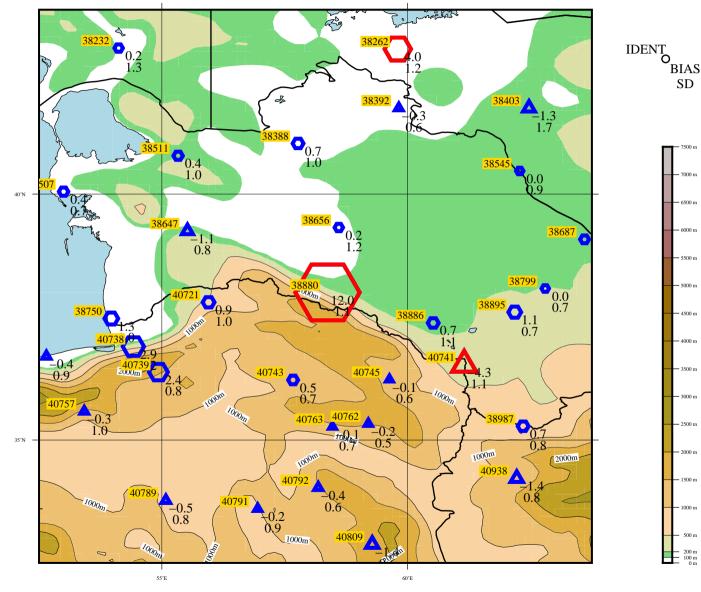
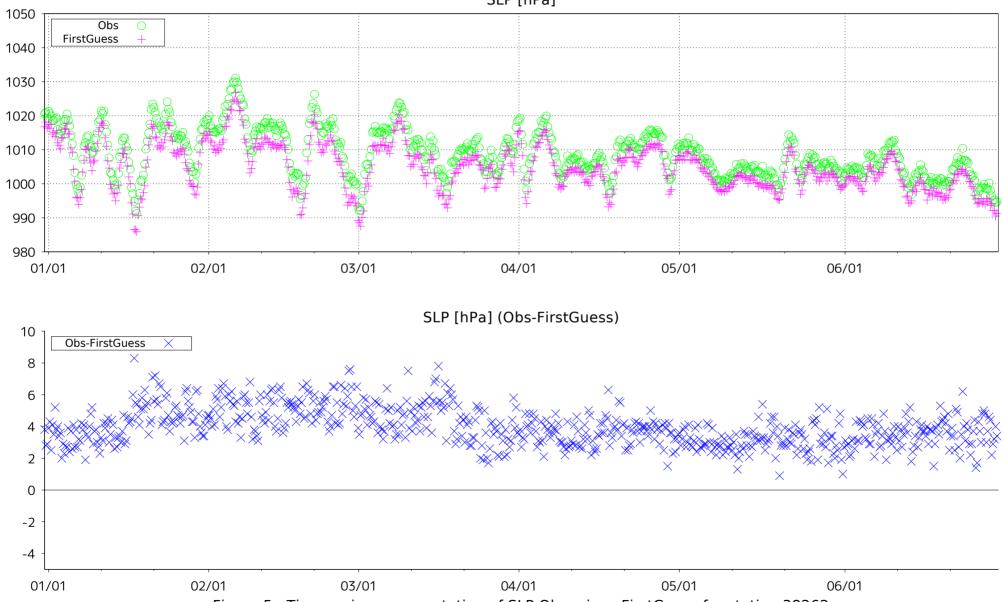


Figure 4 BIAS and SD of SLP for station 38262, 38880, 40741 (red) and surrounding stations (blue). The number to the upper left of each symbol is the WMO IDENT, and those to the lower right are the values of BIAS and SD. The size of each symbol is proportional to the value of BIAS, with hexagonal forms representing positive bias and triangular forms representing negative bias.



ID: 38262 (lat: 43.0N, lon: 59.8E)

SLP [hPa]

Figure 5 Time-series representation of SLP Obs minus FirstGuess for station 38262

LEVEL = SUR ELEMENT = SLP 2019 01 01 00 UTC -> 2019 06 30 18 UTC (181 DAYS)

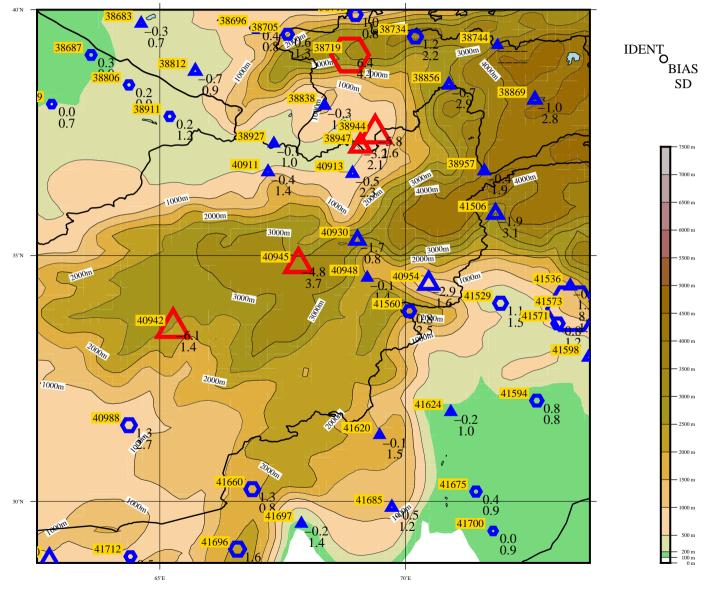
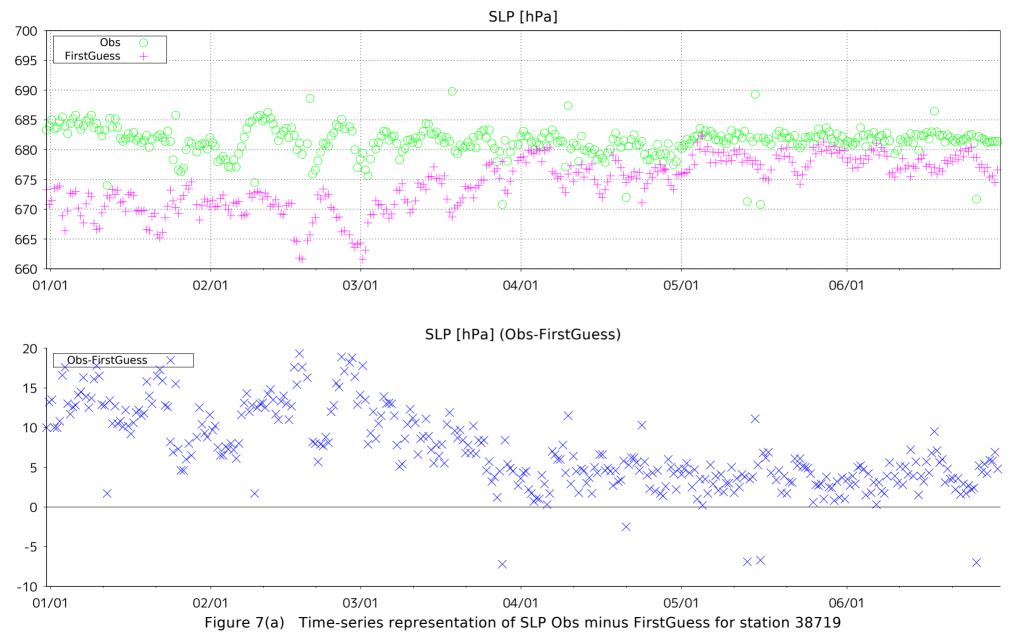
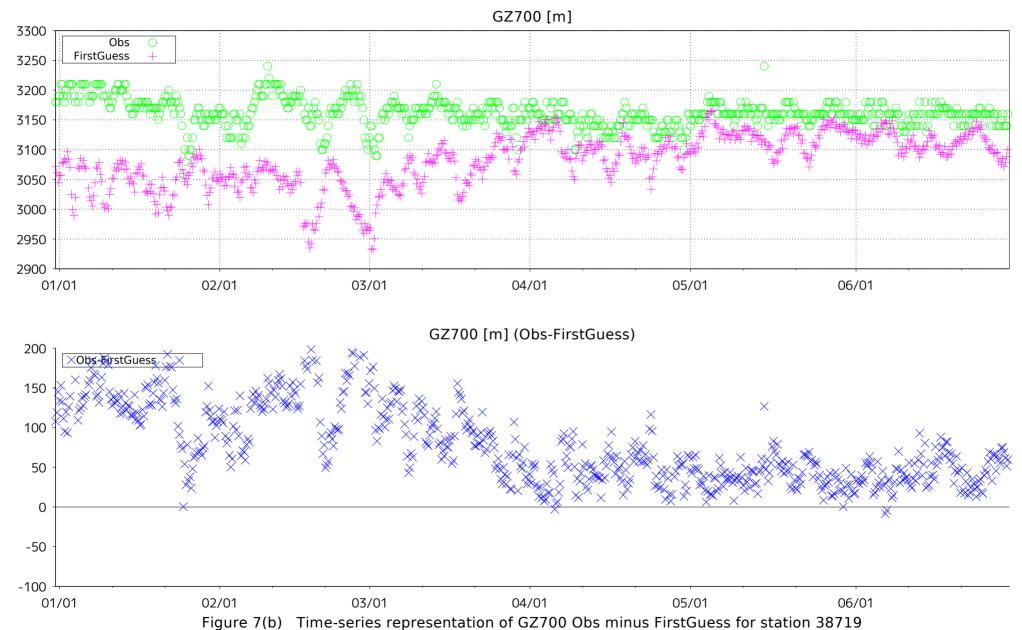


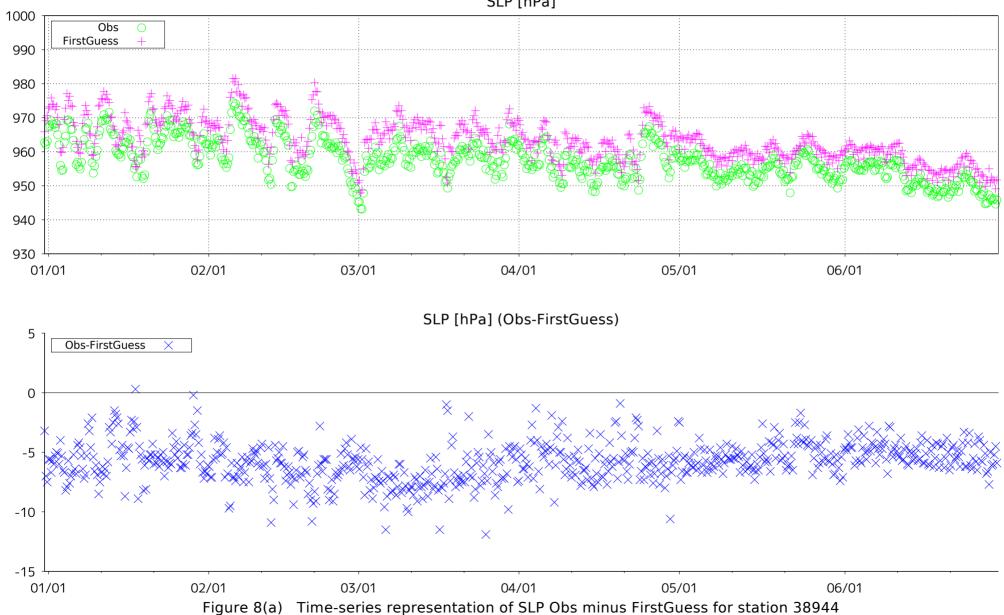
Figure 6 BIAS and SD of SLP for station 38719, 38944, 38947, 40942, 40945 (red) and surrounding stations (blue). The number to the upper left of each symbol is the WMO IDENT, and those to the lower right are the values of BIAS and SD. The size of each symbol is proportional to the value of BIAS, with hexagonal forms representing positive bias and triangular forms representing negative bias.



ID: 38719 (lat: 39.1N, lon: 68.9E)

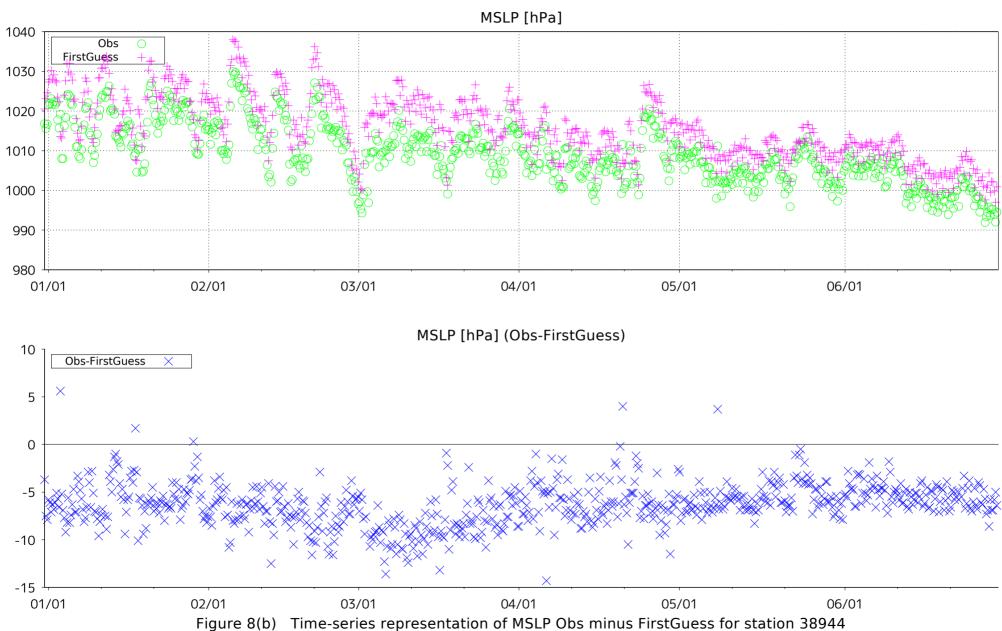


ID: 38719 (lat: 39.1N, lon: 68.9E)

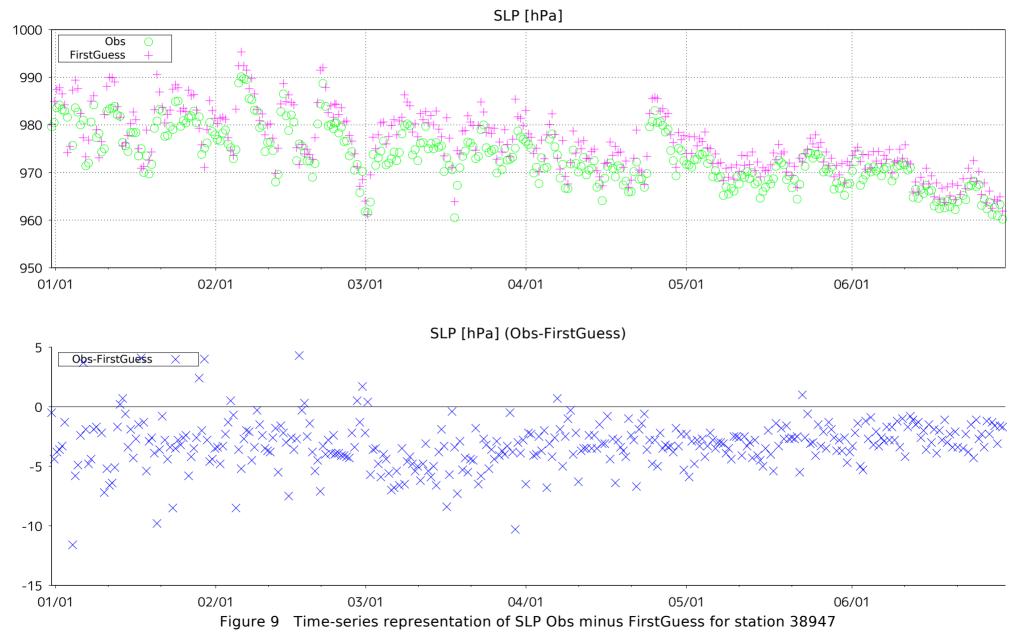


ID: 38944 (lat: 37.5N, lon: 69.4E)

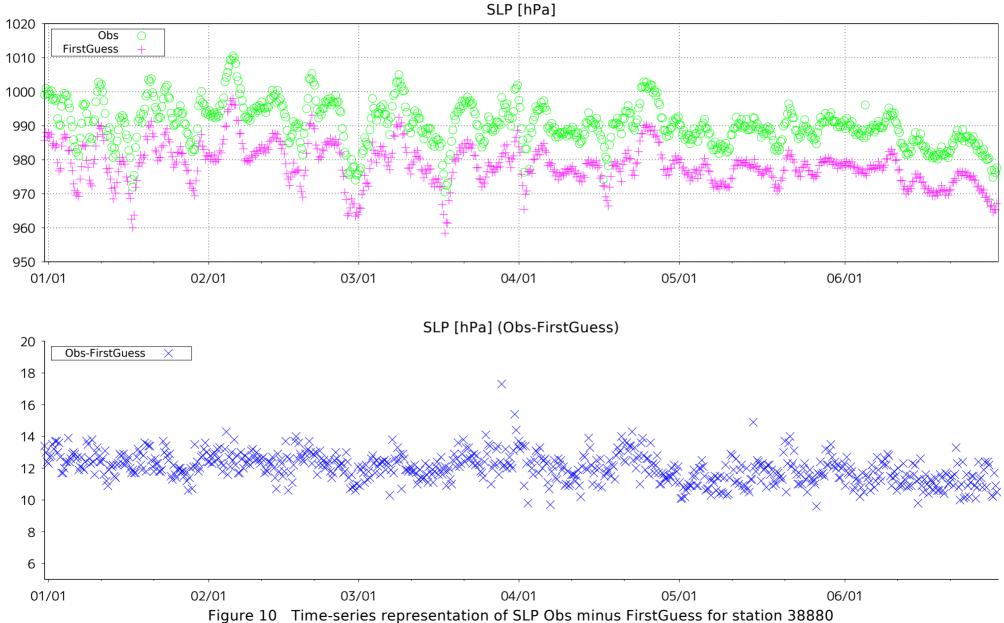
SLP [hPa]



ID: 38944 (lat: 37.5N, lon: 69.4E)



ID: 38947 (lat: 37.2N, lon: 69.1E)



ID: 38880 (lat: 38.0N, lon: 58.4E)

LEVEL = SUR ELEMENT = SLP 2019 01 01 00 UTC -> 2019 06 30 18 UTC (181 DAYS)

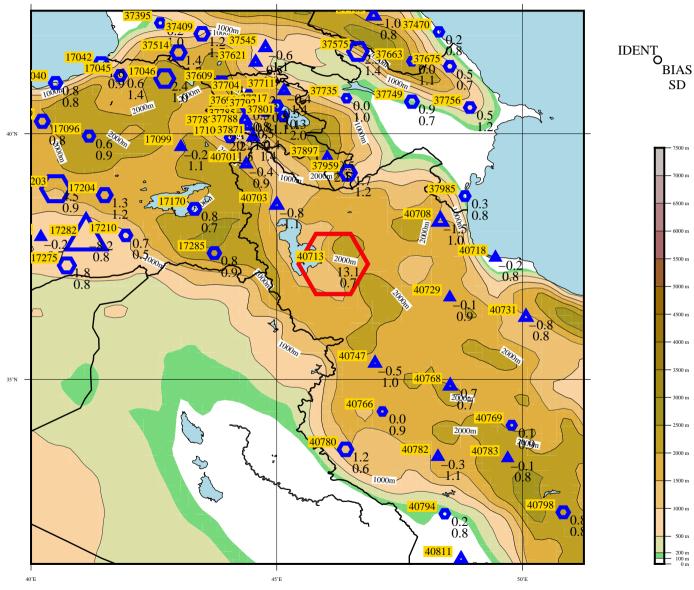
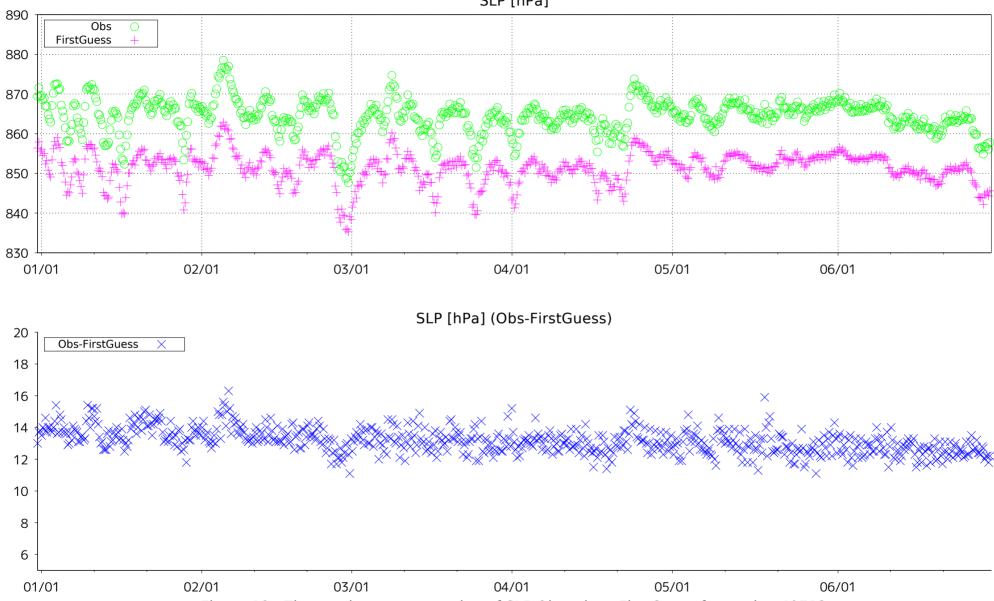


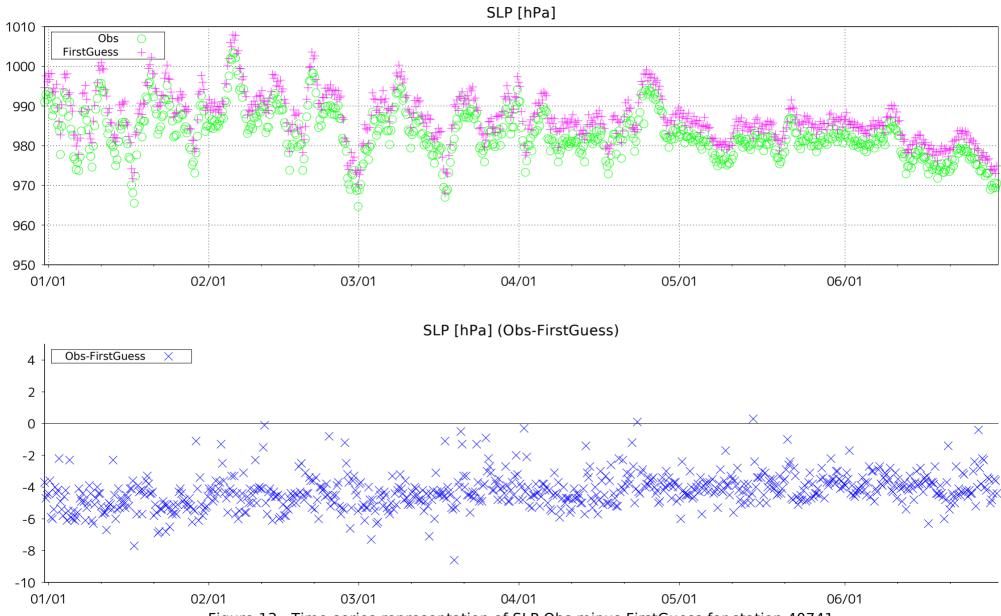
Figure 11 BIAS and SD of SLP for station 40713 (red) and surrounding stations (blue). The number to the upper left of each symbol is the WMO IDENT, and those to the lower right are the values of BIAS and SD. The size of each symbol is proportional to the value of BIAS, with hexagonal forms representing positive bias and triangular forms representing negative bias.



ID: 40713 (lat: 37.4N, lon: 46.2E)

SLP [hPa]

Figure 12 Time-series representation of SLP Obs minus FirstGuess for station 40713



ID: 40741 (lat: 36.5N, lon: 61.2E)

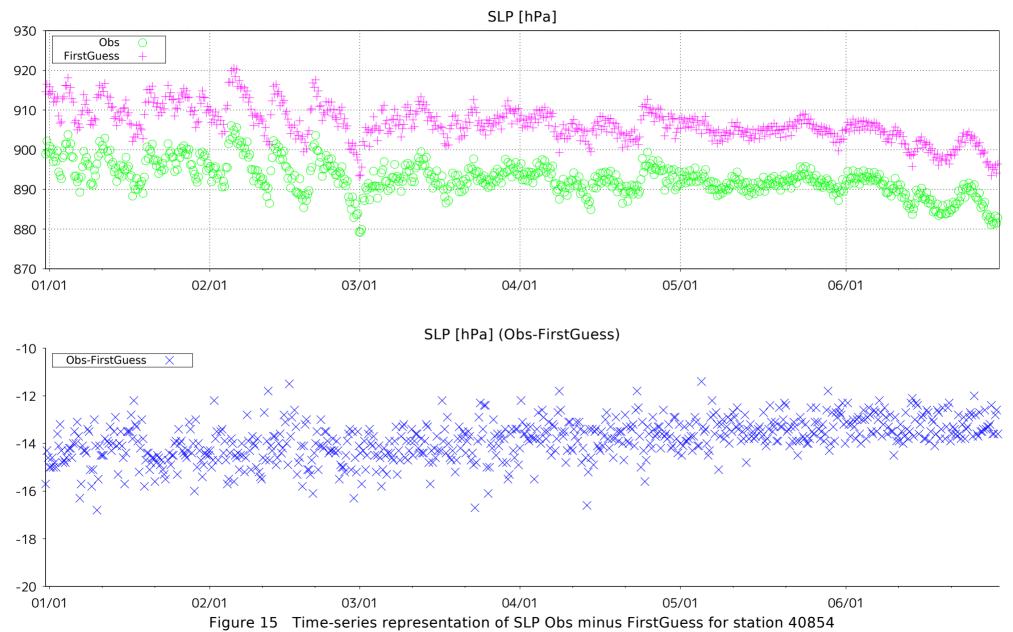
Figure 13 Time-series representation of SLP Obs minus FirstGuess for station 40741

2019 01 01 00 UTC -> 2019 06 30 18 UTC (181 DAYS) 35°N 2000m 1000m IDENT O ·1000m 40789 BIAS -0.5 0.8 SD 1000m 40809 -100% 0.6 -- 7500 m 1000 4082 - 7000 m 10007 20011 10005 - 6500 m 0.8 - 6000 m 40841 2001 2000m 30°N - 5500 m 2000m 40856 -0.1 - 5000 m 0. 40859 - 4500 m 0.7 - 4000 m 1000m i000m′ - 3500 m 9 0.0 0.8 0879 - 3000 m 0000 - 2500 m 1000m 0.1. - 2000 m 0893 -0.5 0.6 41759 - 1500 m -0. 25°N 0.3 1.0 0.6 - 1000 m 500 m 0.6.6 200 m 100 m 0 m 55°E 60°E

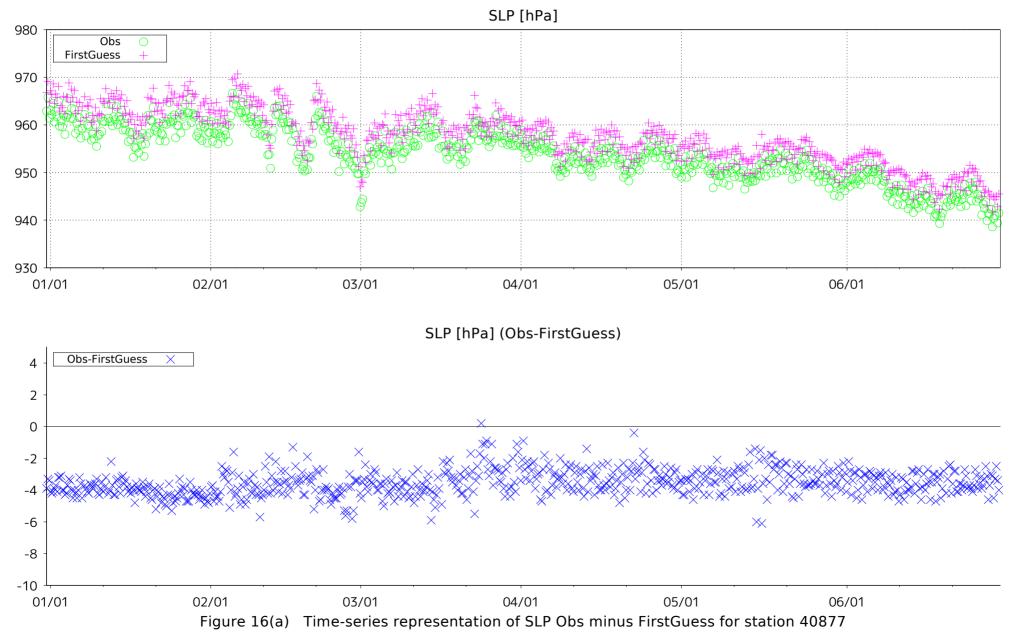
ELEMENT = SLP

LEVEL = SUR

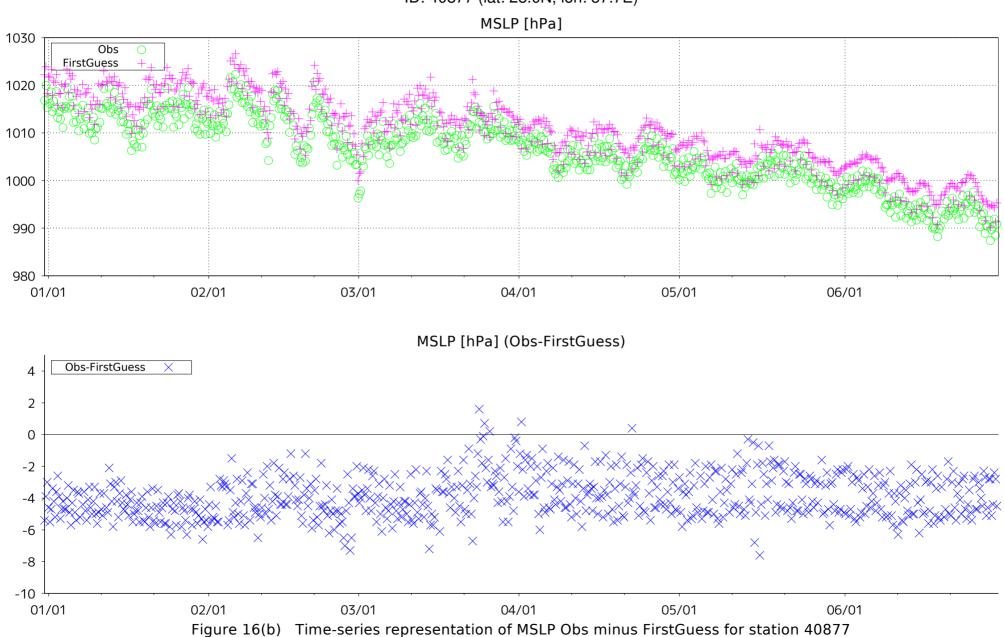
Figure 14 BIAS and SD of SLP for station 40854, 40877 (red) and surrounding stations (blue). The number to the upper left of each symbol is the WMO IDENT, and those to the lower right are the values of BIAS and SD. The size of each symbol is proportional to the value of BIAS, with hexagonal forms representing positive bias and triangular forms representing negative bias.



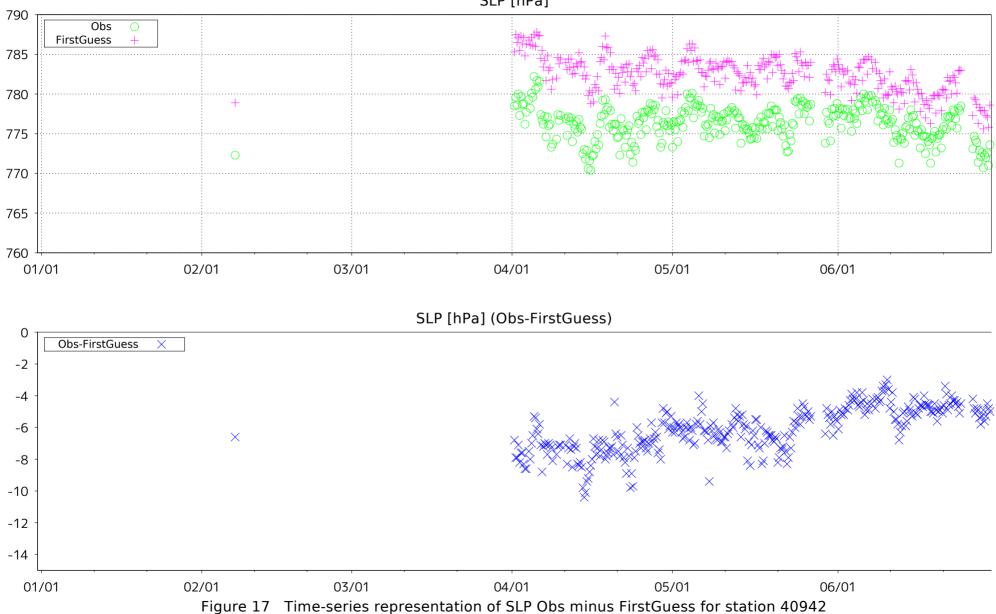
ID: 40854 (lat: 29.1N, lon: 58.4E)



ID: 40877 (lat: 28.0N, lon: 57.7E)

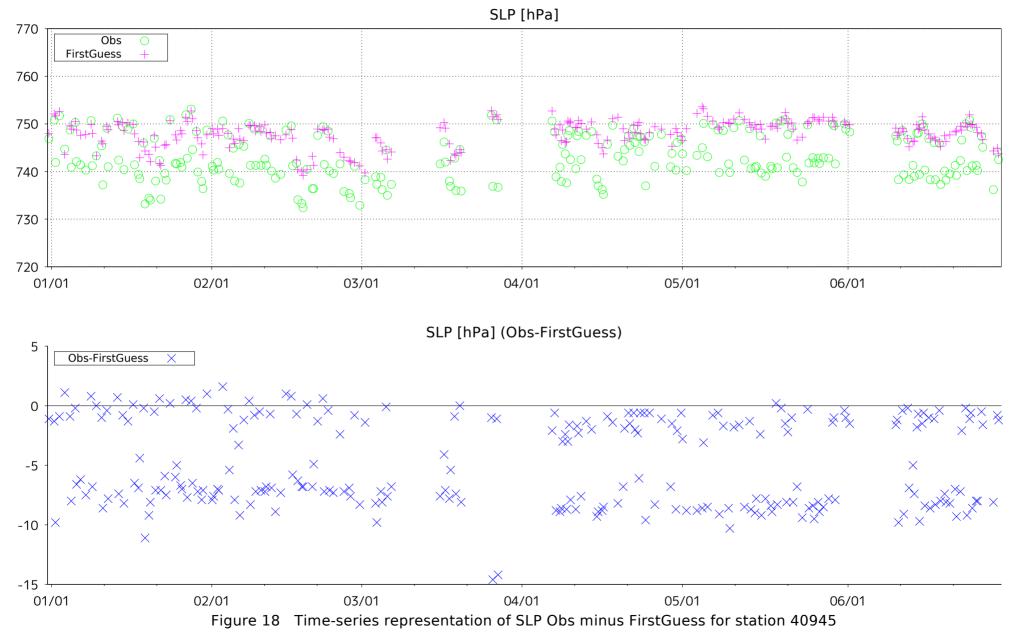


ID: 40877 (lat: 28.0N, lon: 57.7E)



ID: 40942 (lat: 33.5N, lon: 65.3E)

SLP [hPa]



ID: 40945 (lat: 34.8N, lon: 67.8E)

LEVEL = SUR ELEMENT = SLP 2019 01 01 00 UTC -> 2019 06 30 18 UTC (181 DAYS)

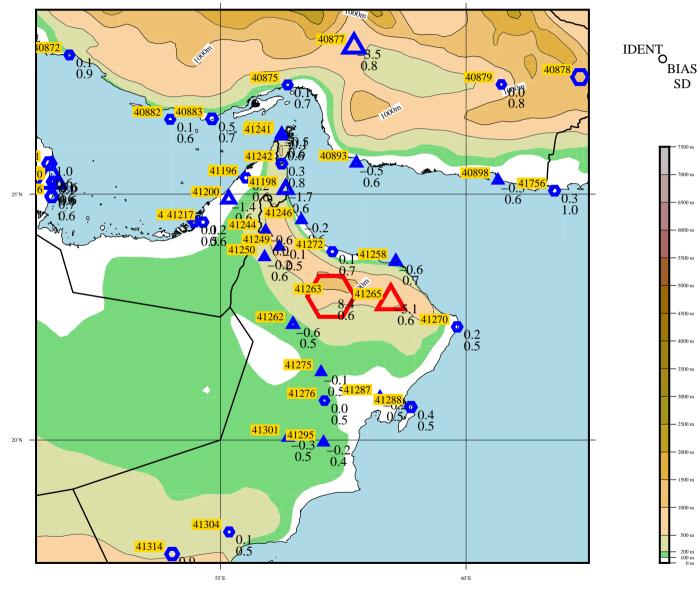
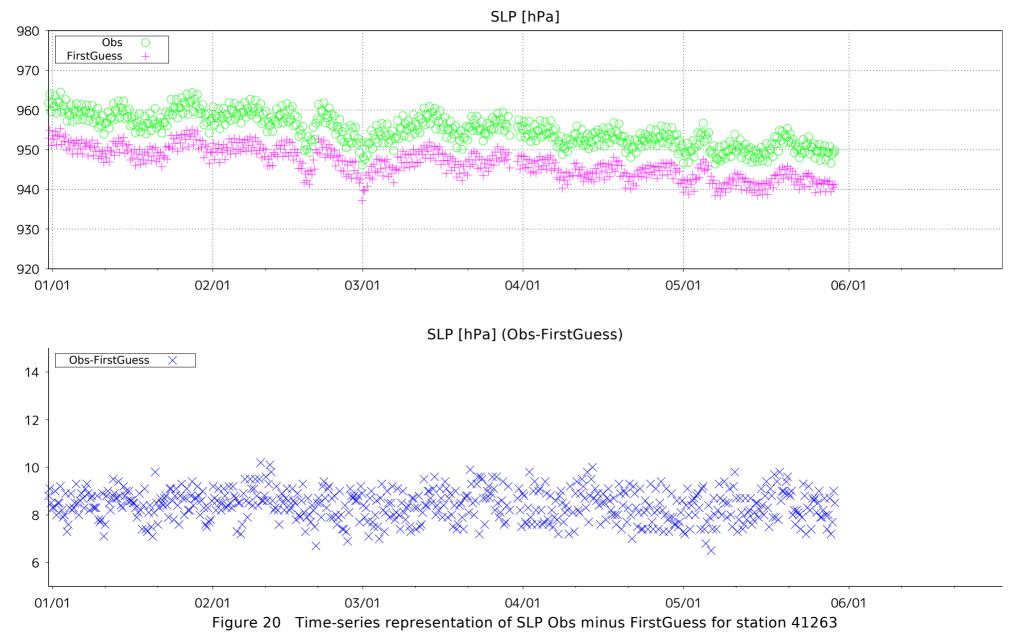
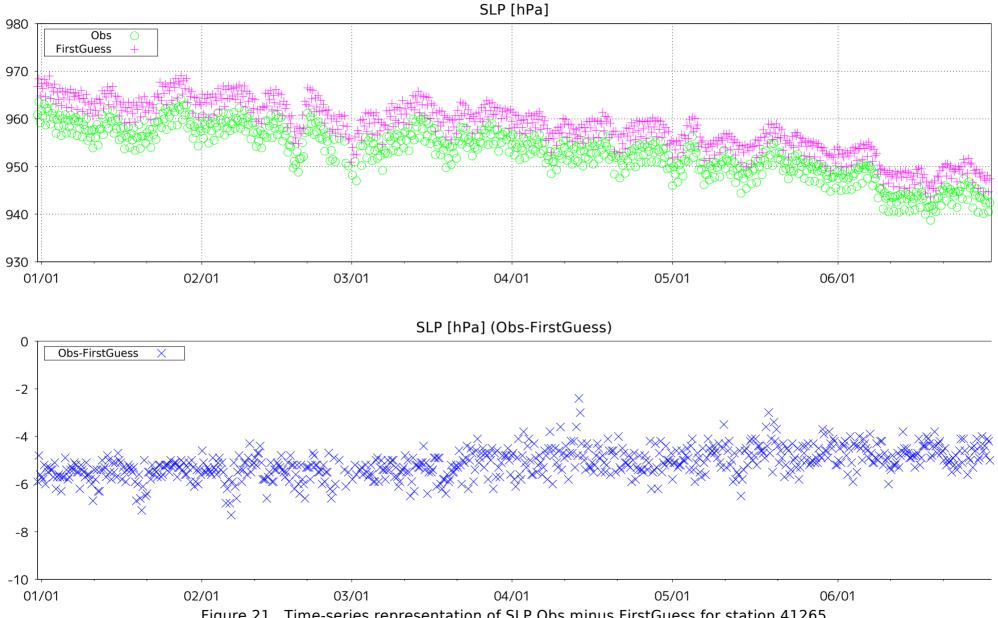


Figure 19 BIAS and SD of SLP for station 41263, 41265 (red) and surrounding stations (blue). The number to the upper left of each symbol is the WMO IDENT, and those to the lower right are the values of BIAS and SD. The size of each symbol is proportional to the value of BIAS, with hexagonal forms representing positive bias and triangular forms representing negative bias.



ID: 41263 (lat: 22.9N, lon: 57.3E)



ID: 41265 (lat: 22.8N, lon: 58.5E)

Figure 21 Time-series representation of SLP Obs minus FirstGuess for station 41265

LEVEL = SUR ELEMENT = SLP 2019 01 01 00 UTC -> 2019 06 30 18 UTC (181 DAYS)

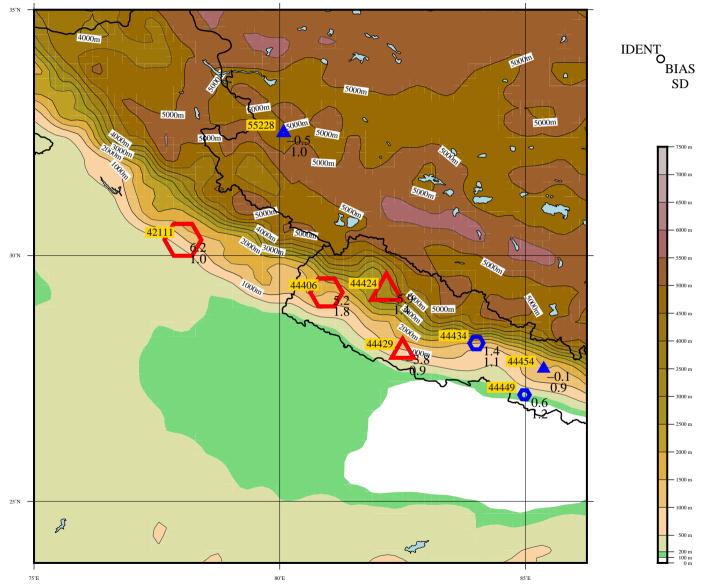
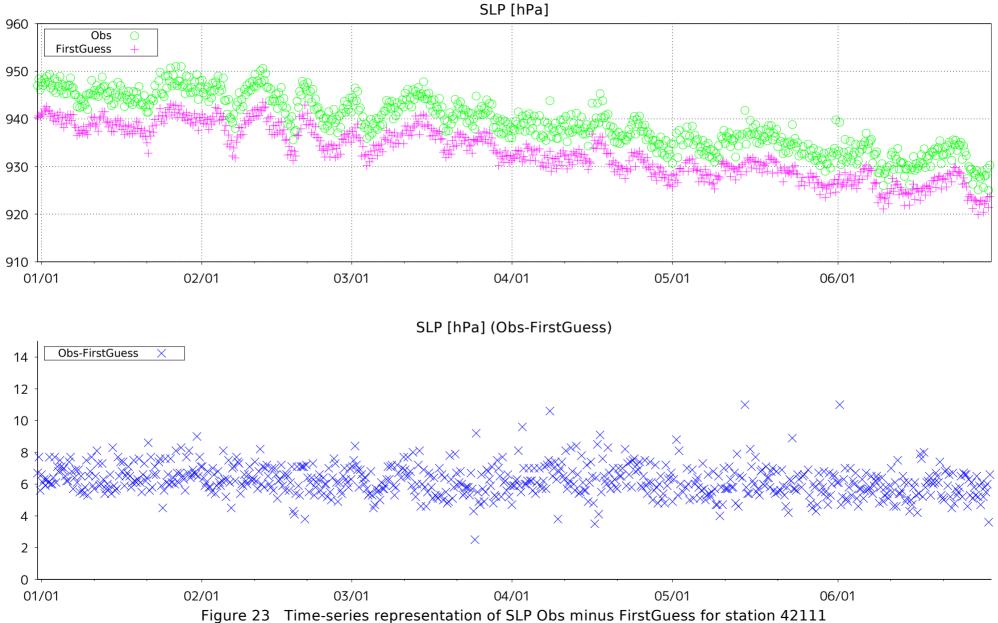


Figure 22 BIAS and SD of SLP for station 42111, 44406, 44424, 44429 (red) and surrounding stations (blue). The number to the upper left of each symbol is the WMO IDENT, and those to the lower right are the values of BIAS and SD. The size of each symbol is proportional to the value of BIAS, with hexagonal forms representing positive bias and triangular forms representing negative bias.



ID: 42111 (lat: 30.3N, lon: 78.0E)

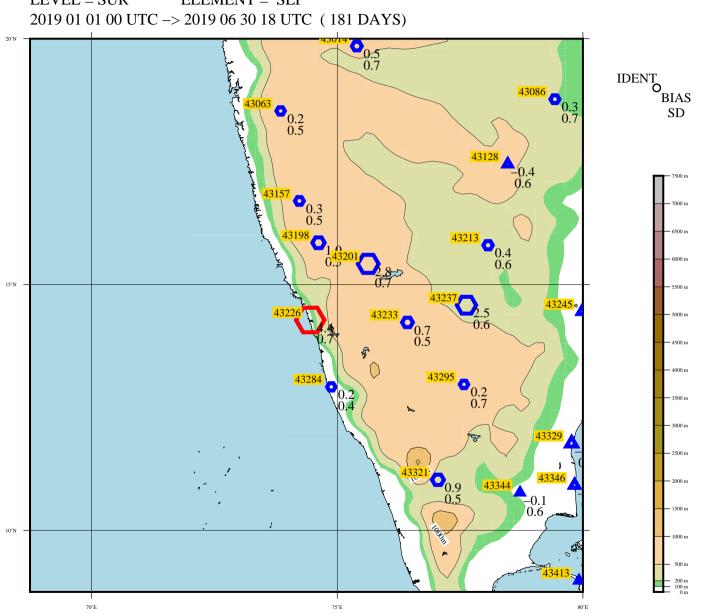
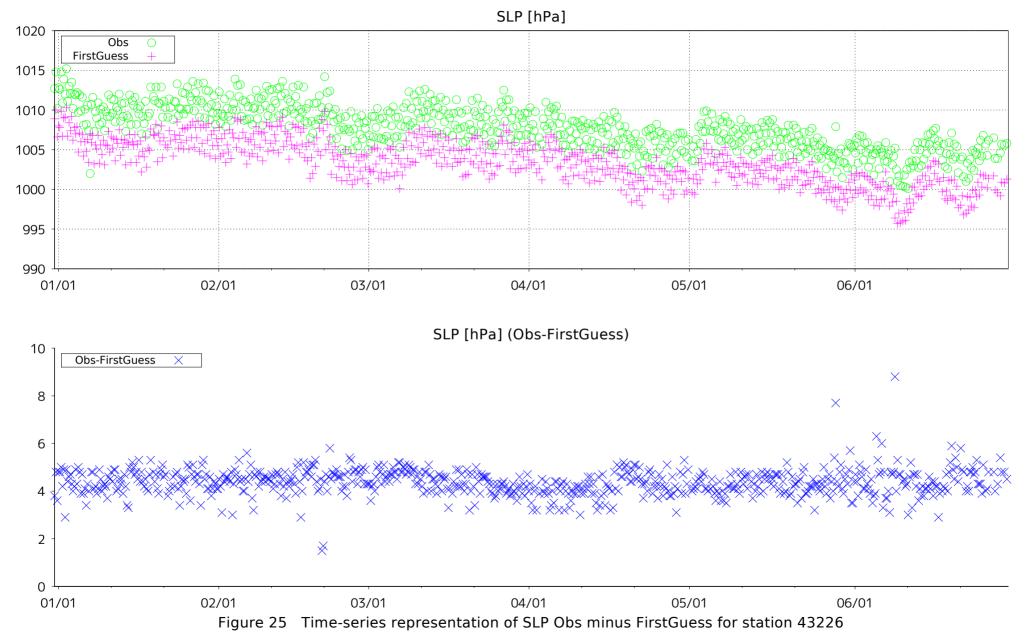


Figure 24 BIAS and SD of SLP for station 43226 (red) and surrounding stations (blue). The number to the upper left of each symbol is the WMO IDENT, and those to the lower right are the values of BIAS and SD. The size of each symbol is proportional to the value of BIAS, with hexagonal forms representing positive bias and triangular forms representing negative bias.

LEVEL = SURELEMENT = SLP



ID: 43226 (lat: 14.3N, lon: 74.5E)

LEVEL = SUR ELEMENT = SLP 2019 01 01 00 UTC -> 2019 06 30 18 UTC (181 DAYS)

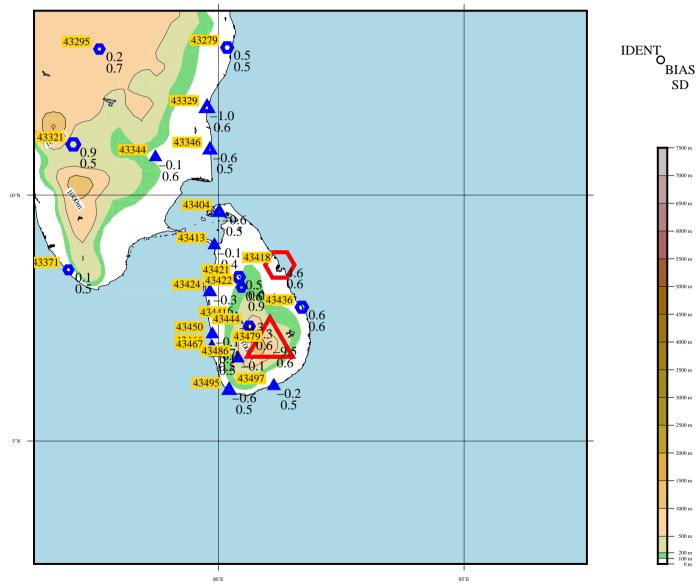
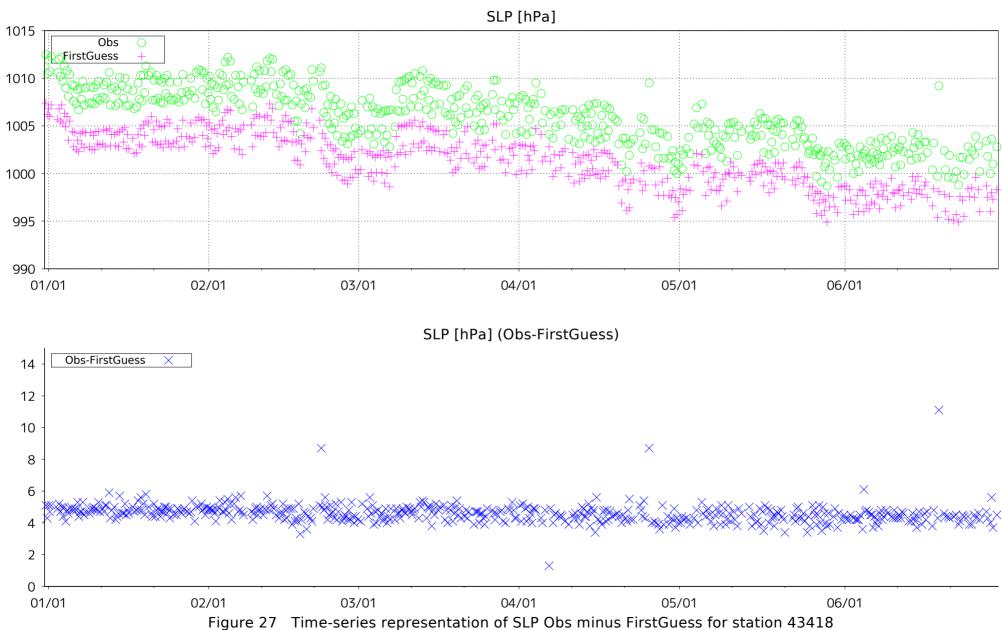
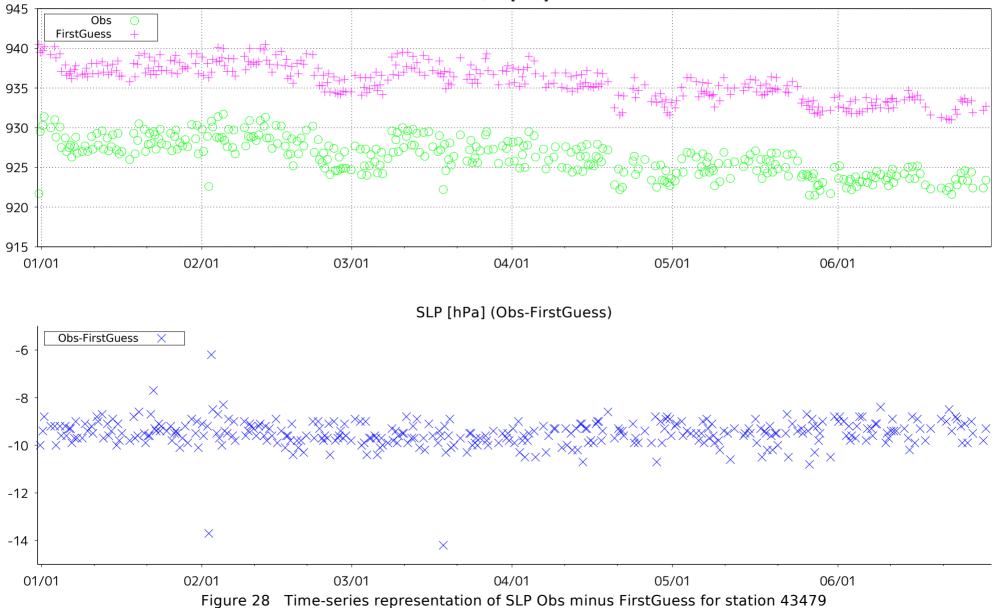


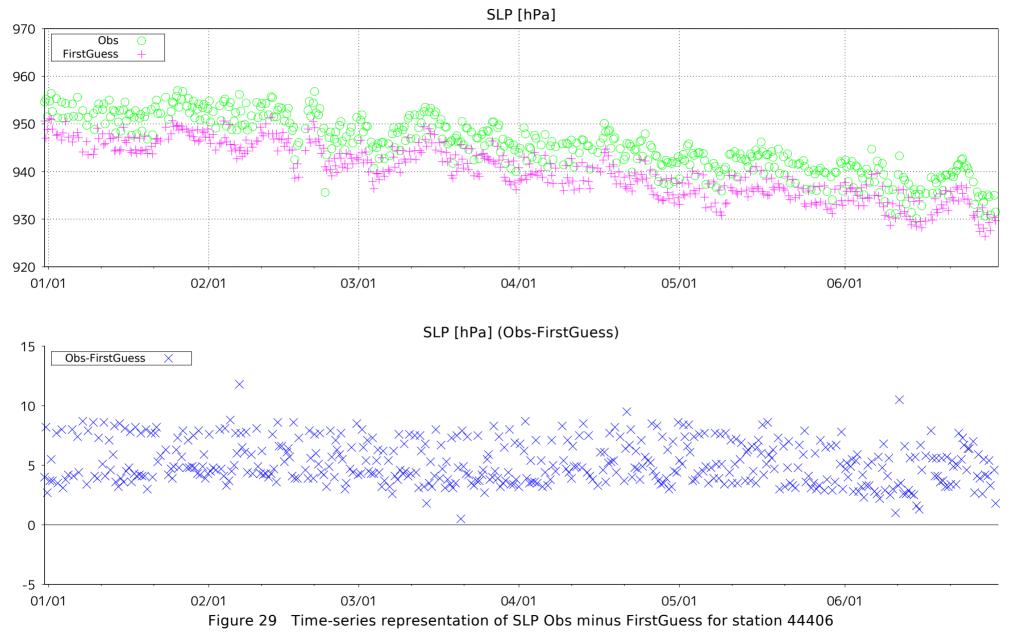
Figure 26 BIAS and SD of SLP for station 43418, 43479 (red) and surrounding stations (blue). The number to the upper left of each symbol is the WMO IDENT, and those to the lower right are the values of BIAS and SD. The size of each symbol is proportional to the value of BIAS, with hexagonal forms representing positive bias and triangular forms representing negative bias.



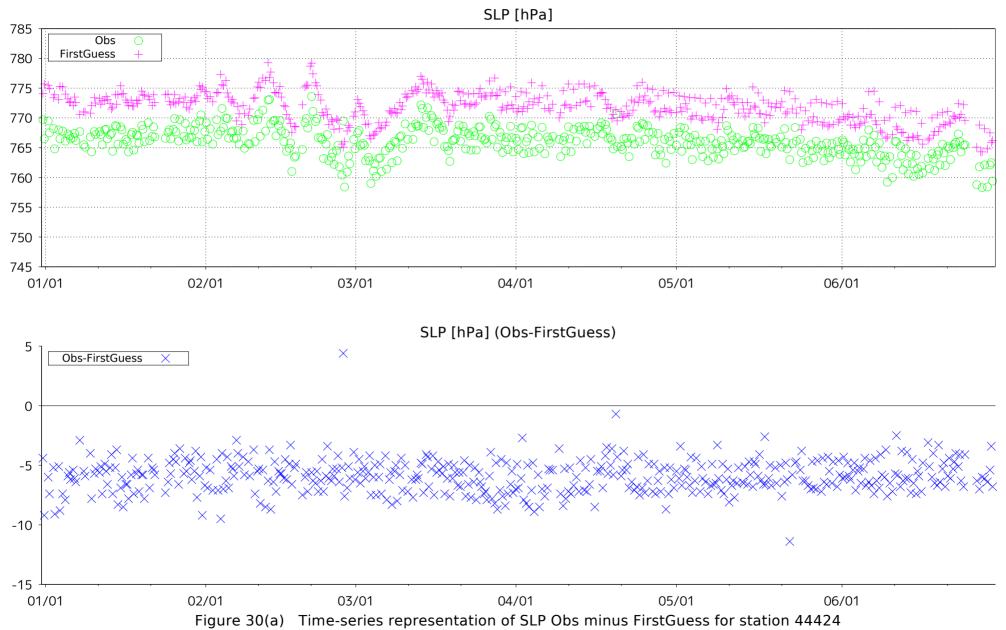
ID: 43418 (lat: 8.6N, lon: 81.3E)

ID: 43479 (lat: 7.0N, lon: 81.1E)

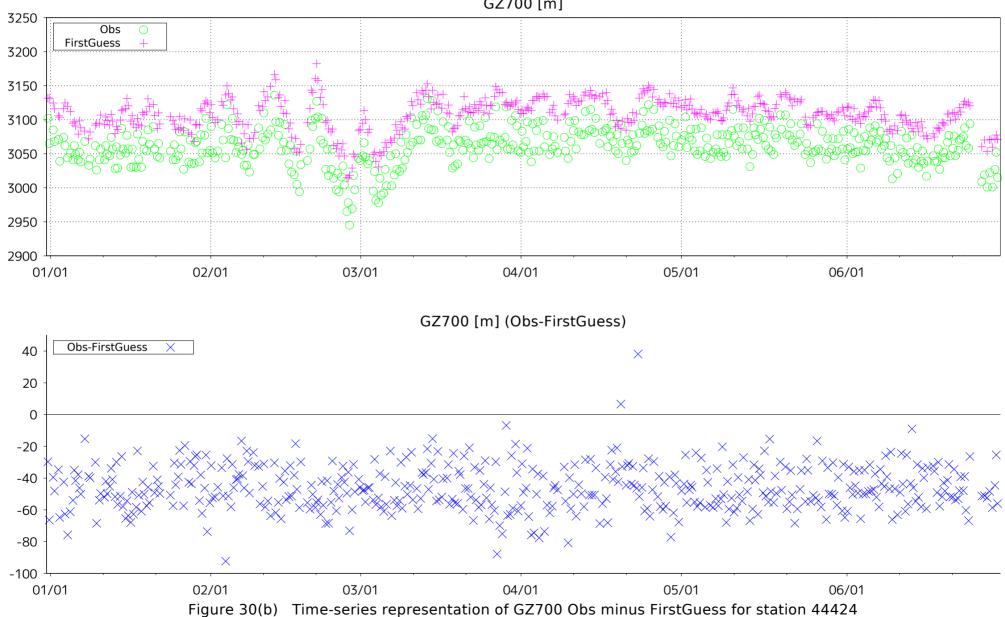




ID: 44406 (lat: 29.3N, lon: 81.0E)

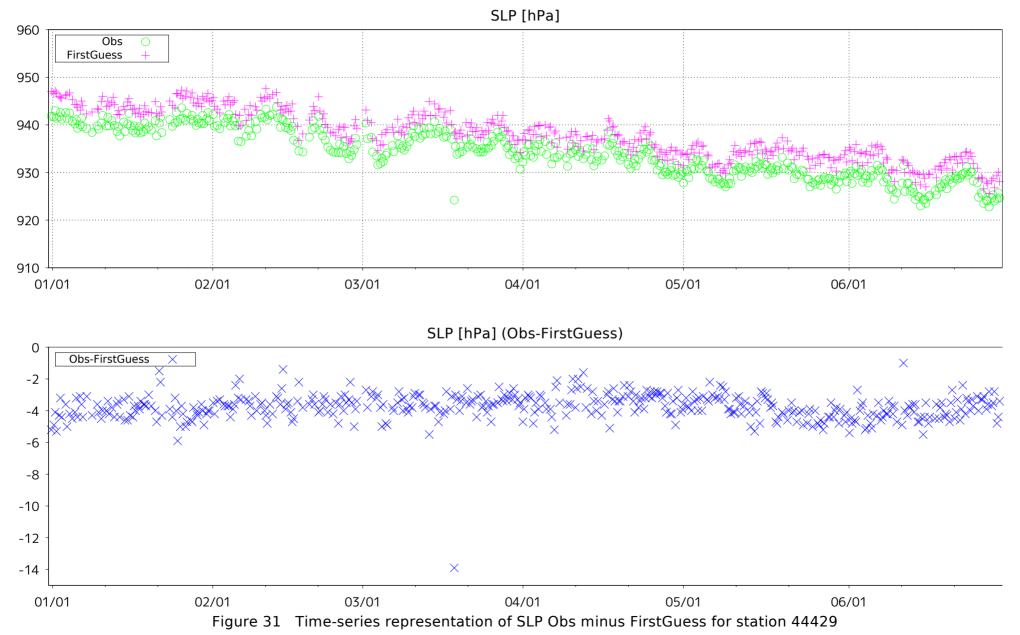


ID: 44424 (lat: 29.3N, lon: 82.2E)



ID: 44424 (lat: 29.3N, lon: 82.2E)

GZ700 [m]



ID: 44429 (lat: 28.1N, lon: 82.5E)

LEVEL = SUR ELEMENT = SLP 2019 01 01 00 UTC -> 2019 06 30 18 UTC (181 DAYS)

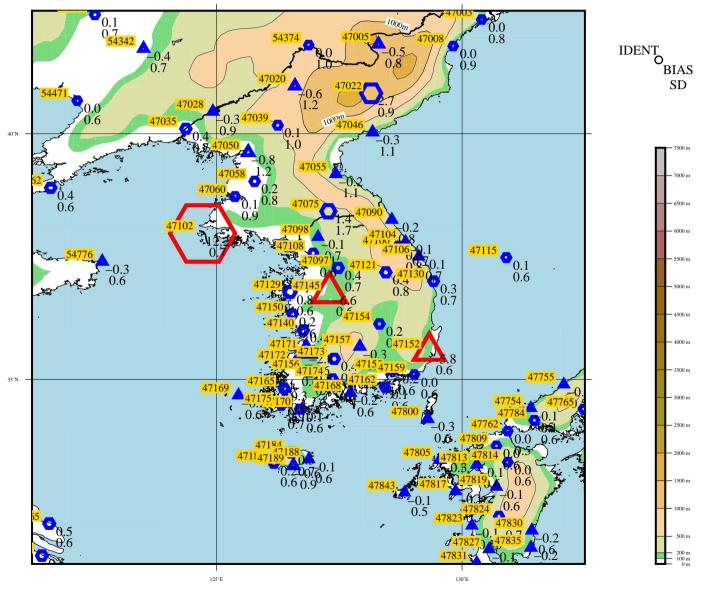
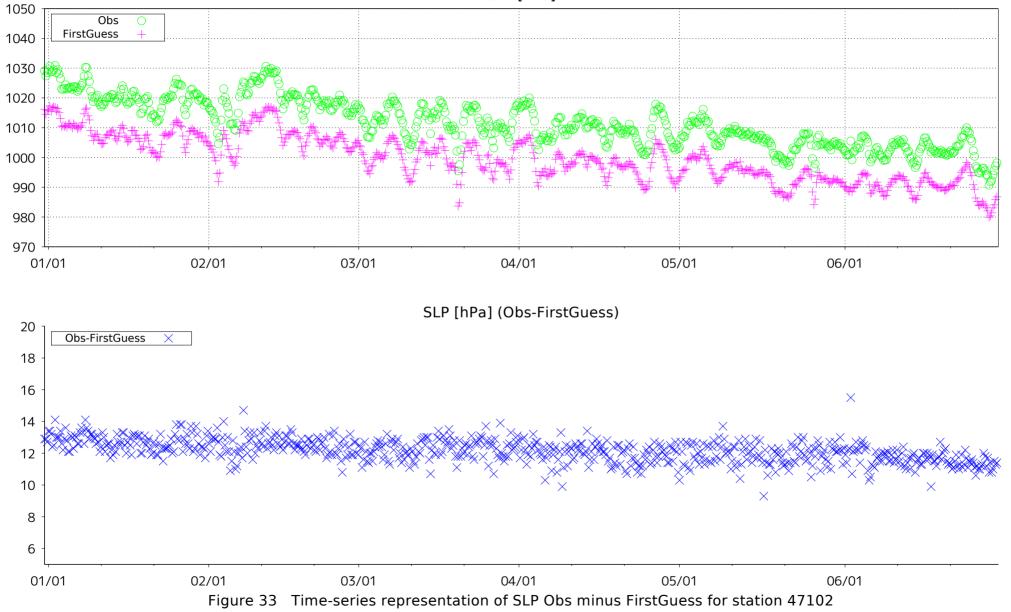
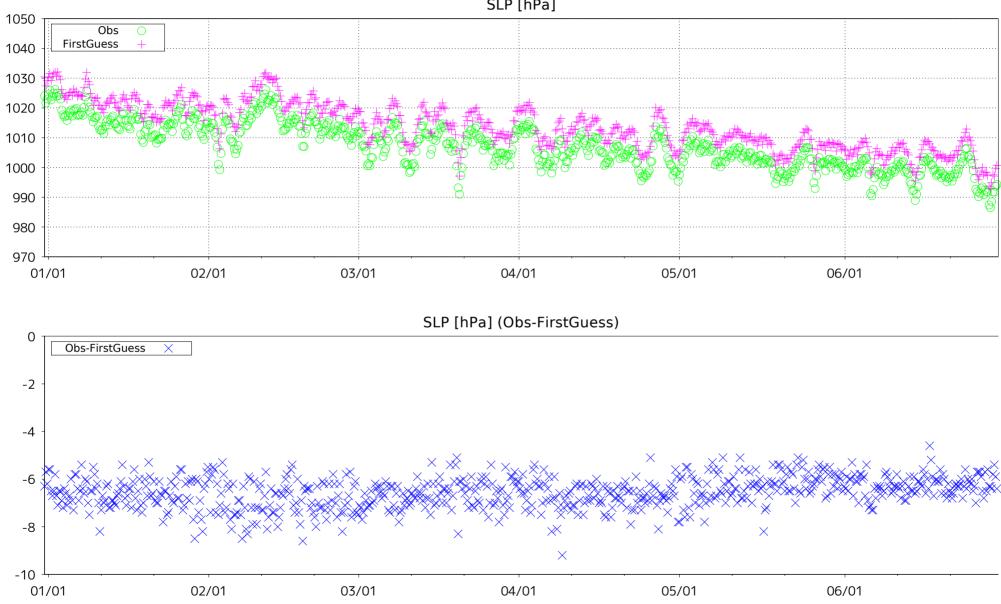


Figure 32 BIAS and SD of SLP for station 47102, 47145, 47152 (red) and surrounding stations (blue). The number to the upper left of each symbol is the WMO IDENT, and those to the lower right are the values of BIAS and SD. The size of each symbol is proportional to the value of BIAS, with hexagonal forms representing positive bias and triangular forms representing negative bias.

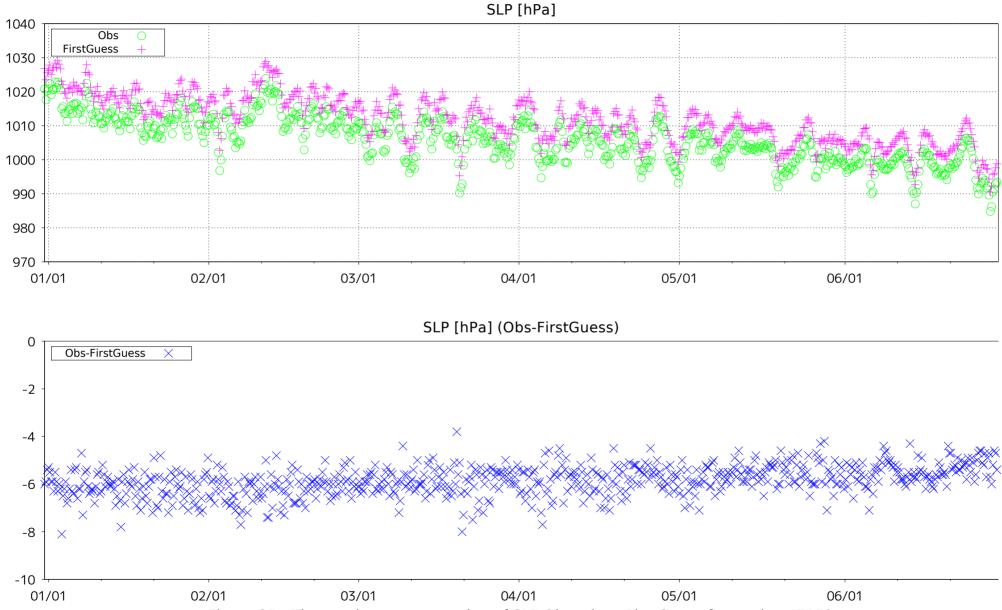
ID: 47102 (lat: 38.0N, lon: 124.7E)





ID: 47145 (lat: 36.8N, lon: 127.3E)

Figure 34 Time-series representation of SLP Obs minus FirstGuess for station 47145



ID: 47152 (lat: 35.6N, lon: 129.3E)

Figure 35 Time-series representation of SLP Obs minus FirstGuess for station 47152

LEVEL = SURELEMENT = SLP2019 01 01 00 UTC -> 2019 06 30 18 UTC (181 DAYS)

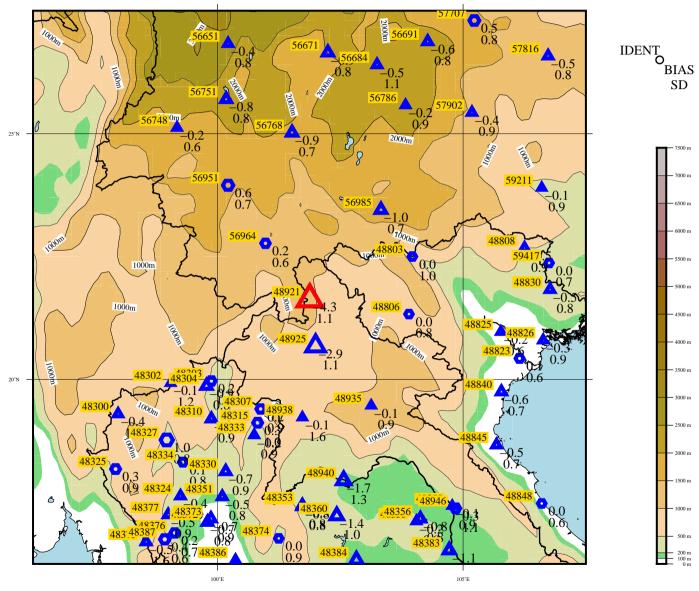
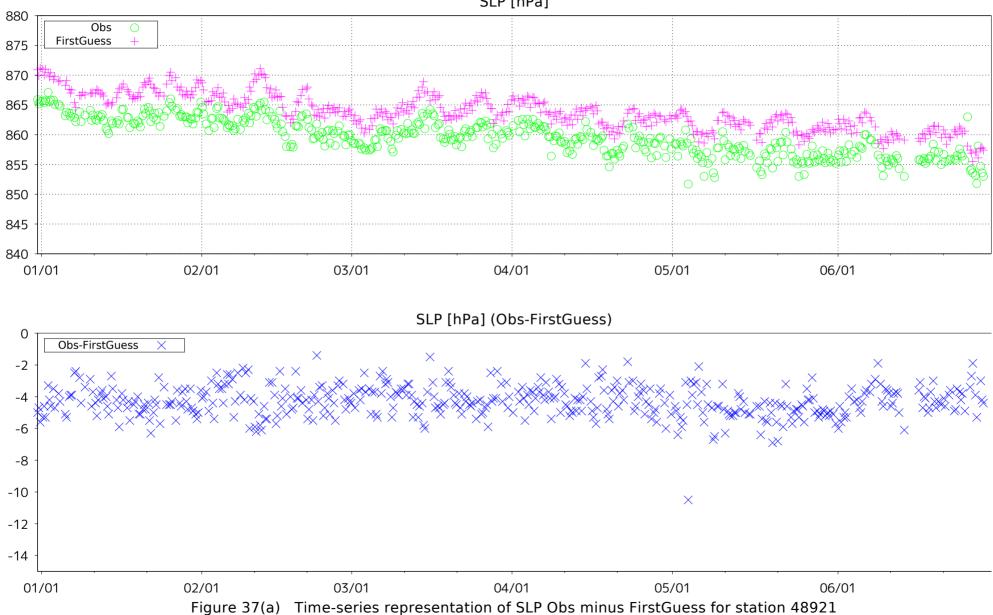
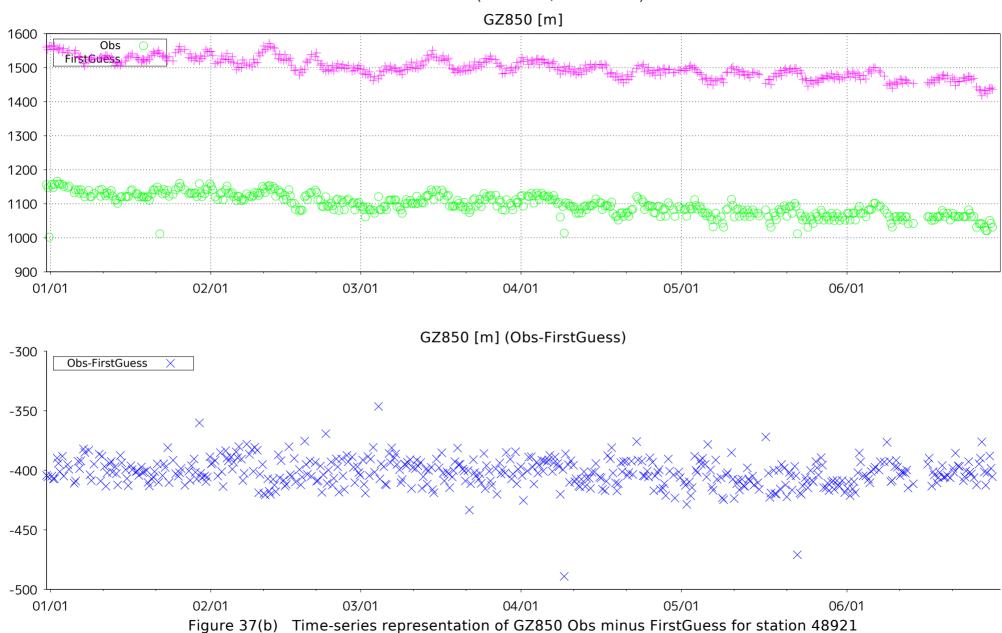


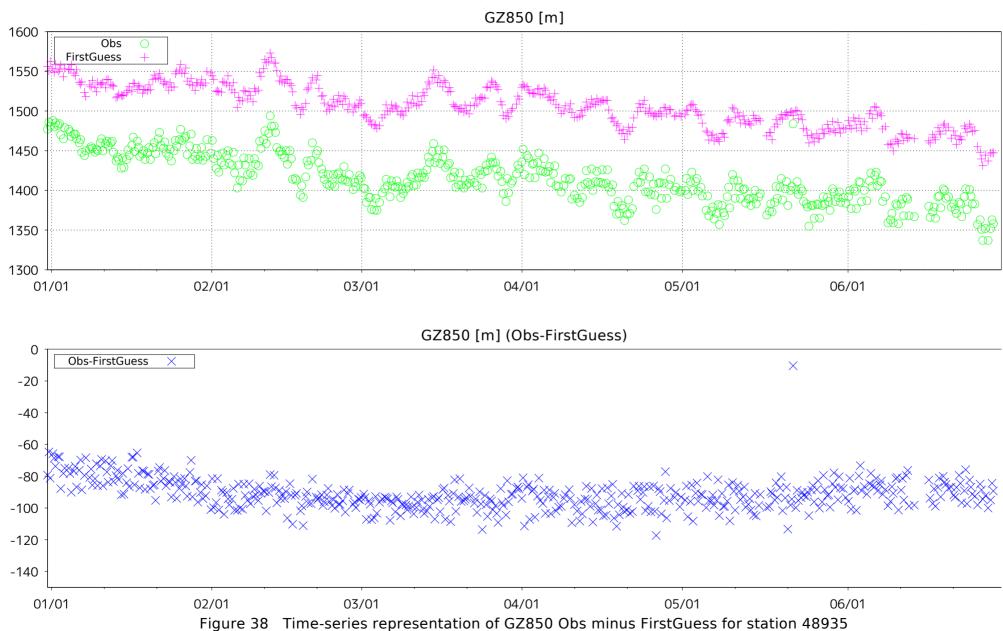
Figure 36 BIAS and SD of SLP for station 48921 (red) and surrounding stations (blue). The number to the upper left of each symbol is the WMO IDENT, and those to the lower right are the values of BIAS and SD. The size of each symbol is proportional to the value of BIAS, with hexagonal forms representing positive bias and triangular forms representing negative bias.



ID: 48921 (lat: 21.6N, lon: 101.9E)



ID: 48921 (lat: 21.6N, lon: 101.9E)



ID: 48935 (lat: 19.5N, lon: 103.1E)

LEVEL = SUR ELEMENT = SLP 2019 01 01 00 UTC -> 2019 06 30 18 UTC (181 DAYS)

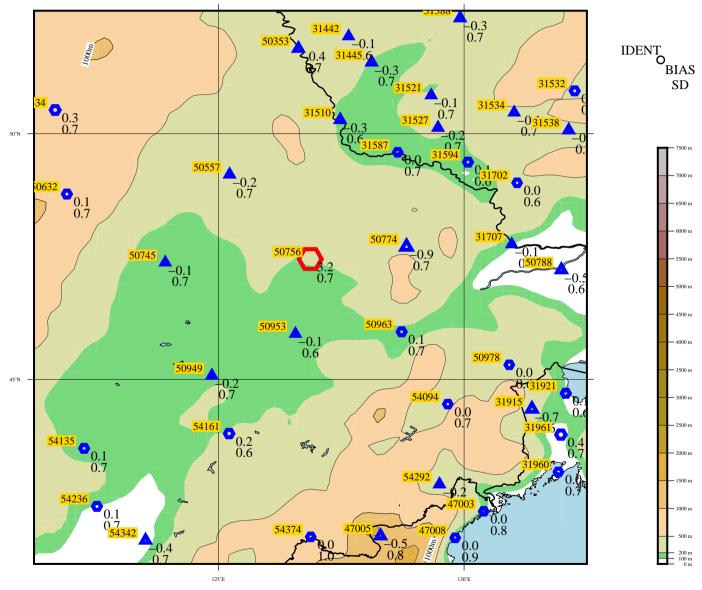
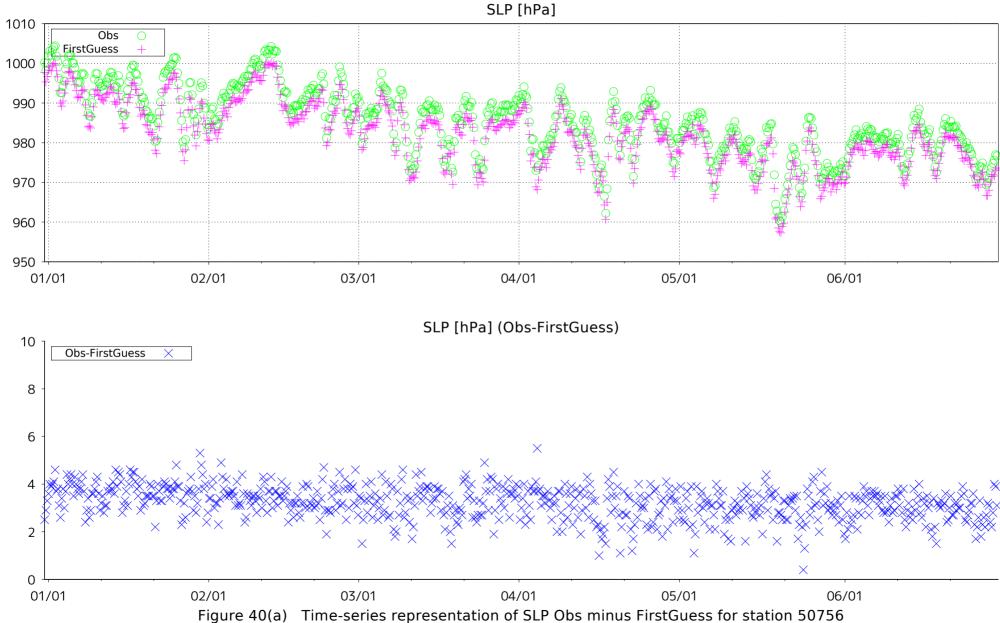
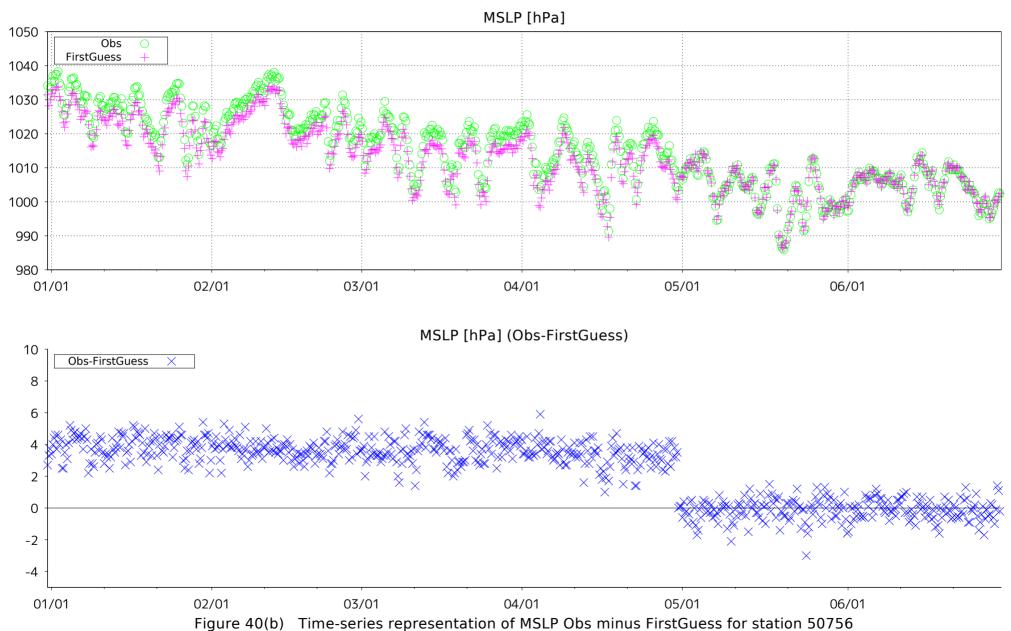


Figure 39 BIAS and SD of SLP for station 50756 (red) and surrounding stations (blue). The number to the upper left of each symbol is the WMO IDENT, and those to the lower right are the values of BIAS and SD. The size of each symbol is proportional to the value of BIAS, with hexagonal forms representing positive bias and triangular forms representing negative bias.



ID: 50756 (lat: 47.5N, lon: 126.9E)



ID: 50756 (lat: 47.5N, lon: 126.9E)

LEVEL = SUR ELEMENT = SLP 2019 01 01 00 UTC -> 2019 06 30 18 UTC (181 DAYS)

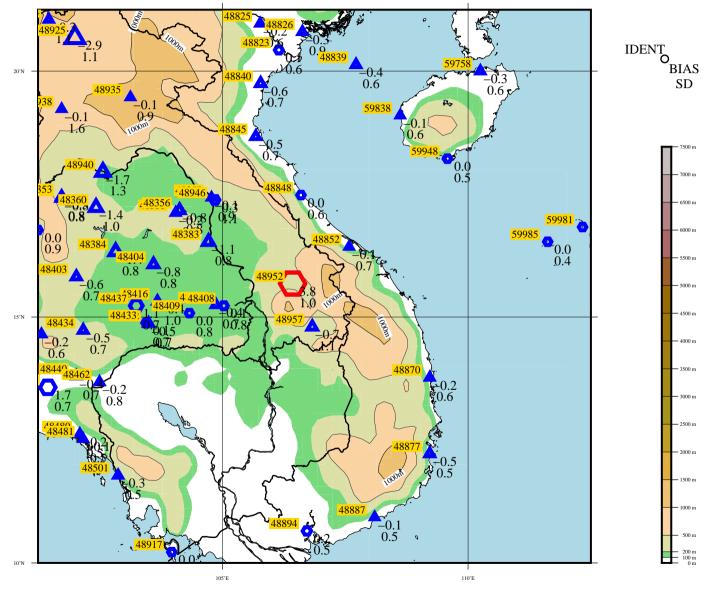
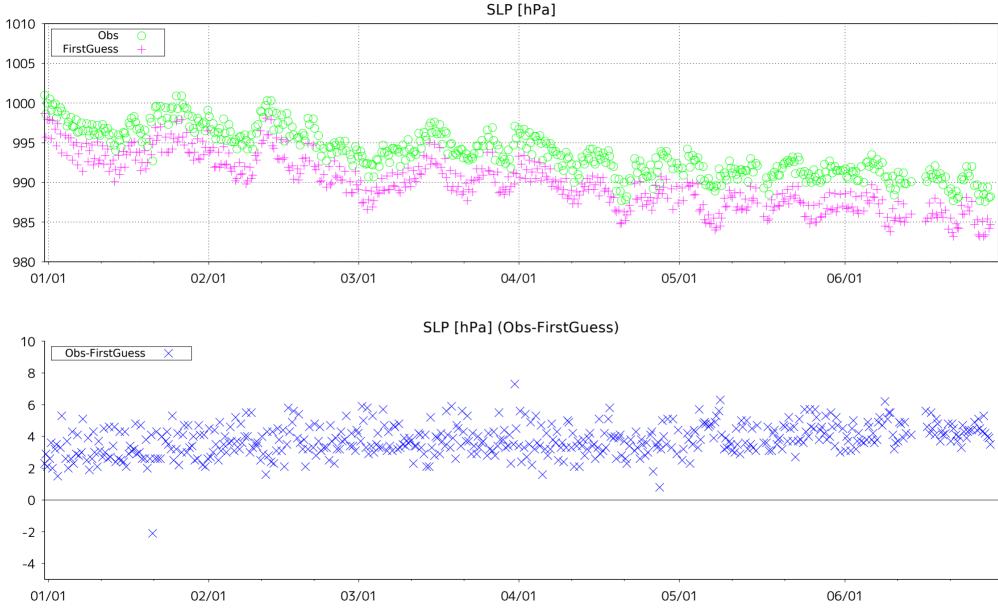


Figure 41 BIAS and SD of SLP for station 48952 (red) and surrounding stations (blue). The number to the upper left of each symbol is the WMO IDENT, and those to the lower right are the values of BIAS and SD. The size of each symbol is proportional to the value of BIAS, with hexagonal forms representing positive bias and triangular forms representing negative bias.



ID: 48952 (lat: 15.7N, lon: 106.4E)

Figure 42 Time-series representation of SLP Obs minus FirstGuess for station 48952

LEVEL = SUR ELEMENT = SLP 2019 01 01 00 UTC -> 2019 06 30 18 UTC (181 DAYS)

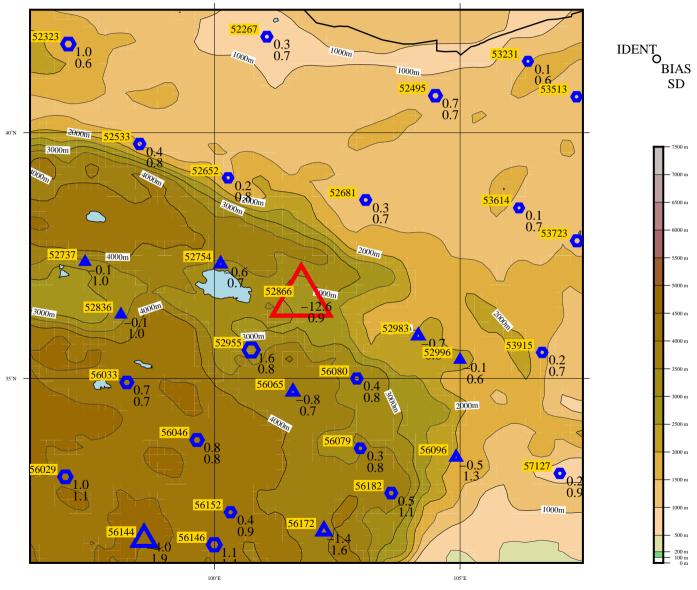
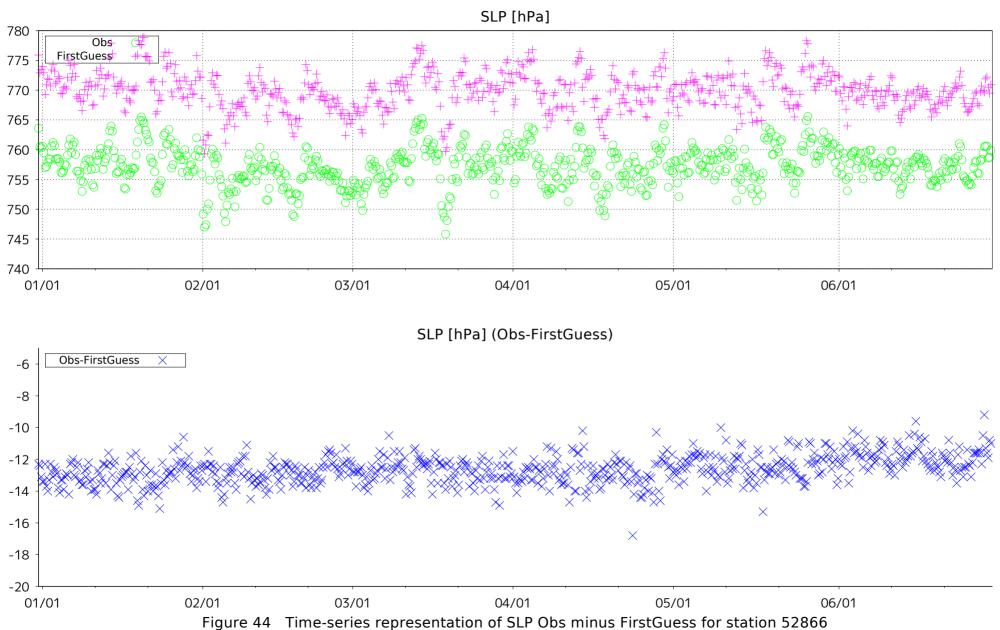


Figure 43 BIAS and SD of SLP for station 52866 (red) and surrounding stations (blue). The number to the upper left of each symbol is the WMO IDENT, and those to the lower right are the values of BIAS and SD. The size of each symbol is proportional to the value of BIAS, with hexagonal forms representing positive bias and triangular forms representing negative bias.



ID: 52866 (lat: 36.6N, lon: 101.8E)

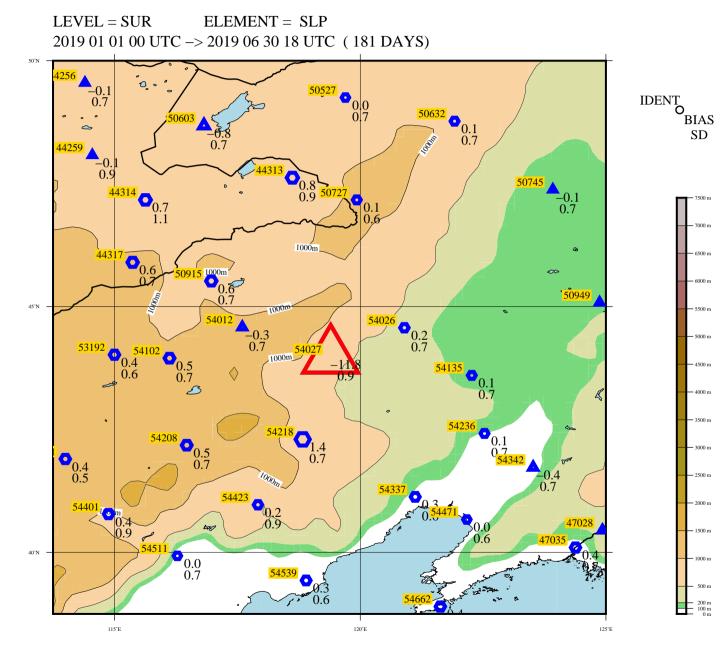
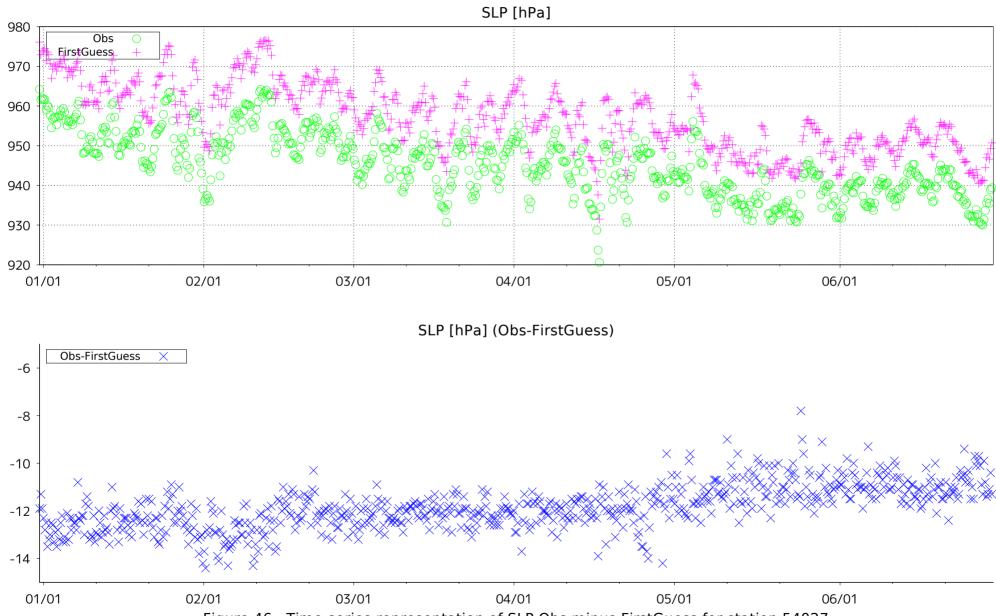
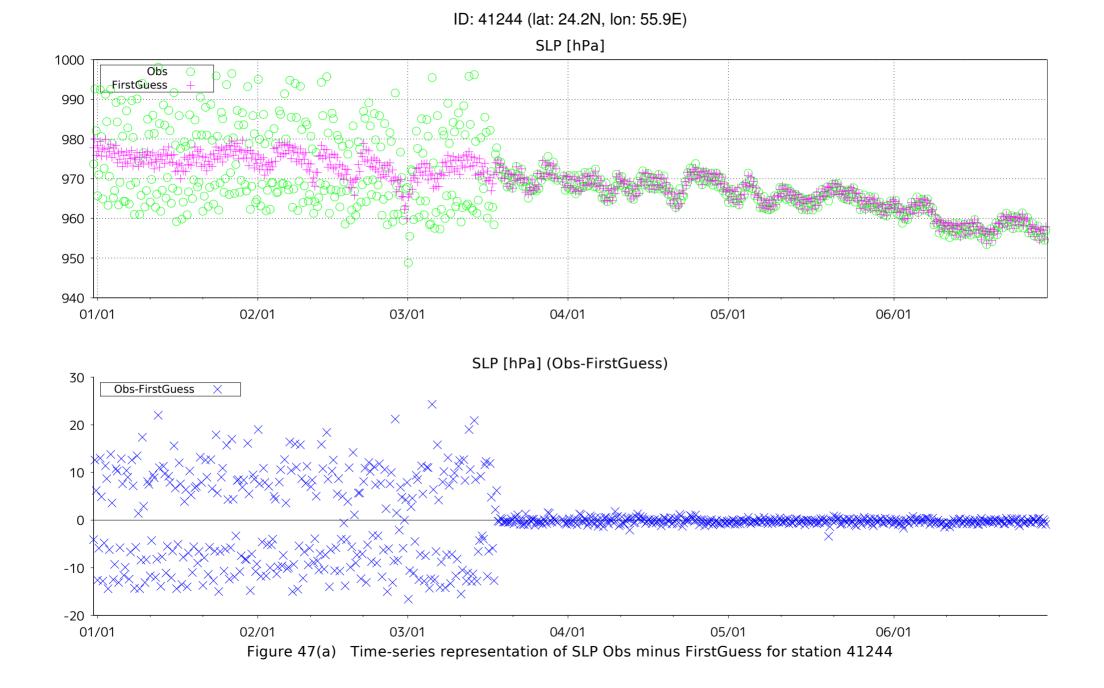


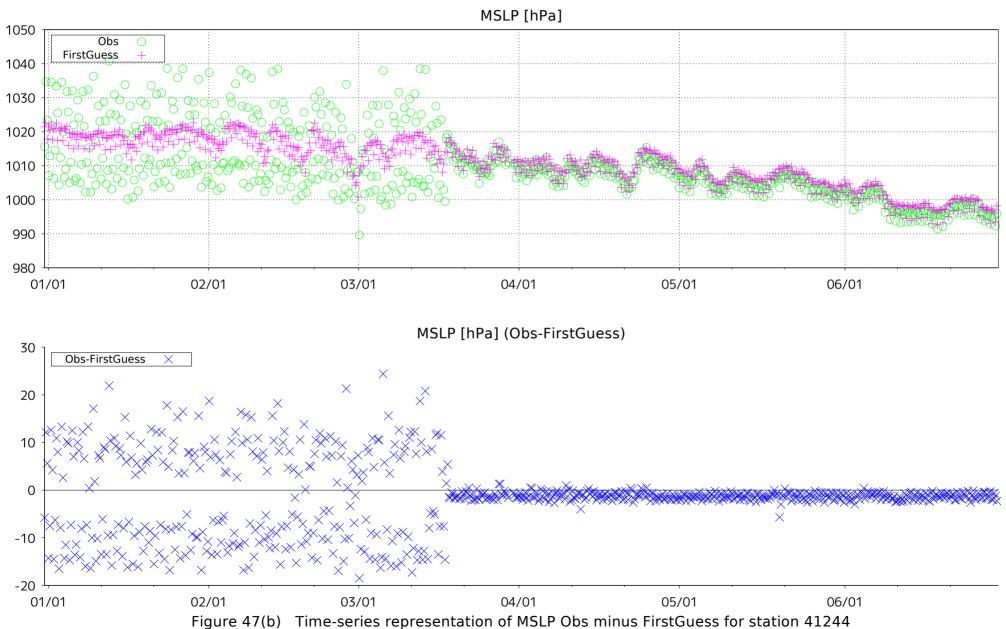
Figure 45 BIAS and SD of SLP for station 54027 (red) and surrounding stations (blue). The number to the upper left of each symbol is the WMO IDENT, and those to the lower right are the values of BIAS and SD. The size of each symbol is proportional to the value of BIAS, with hexagonal forms representing positive bias and triangular forms representing negative bias.



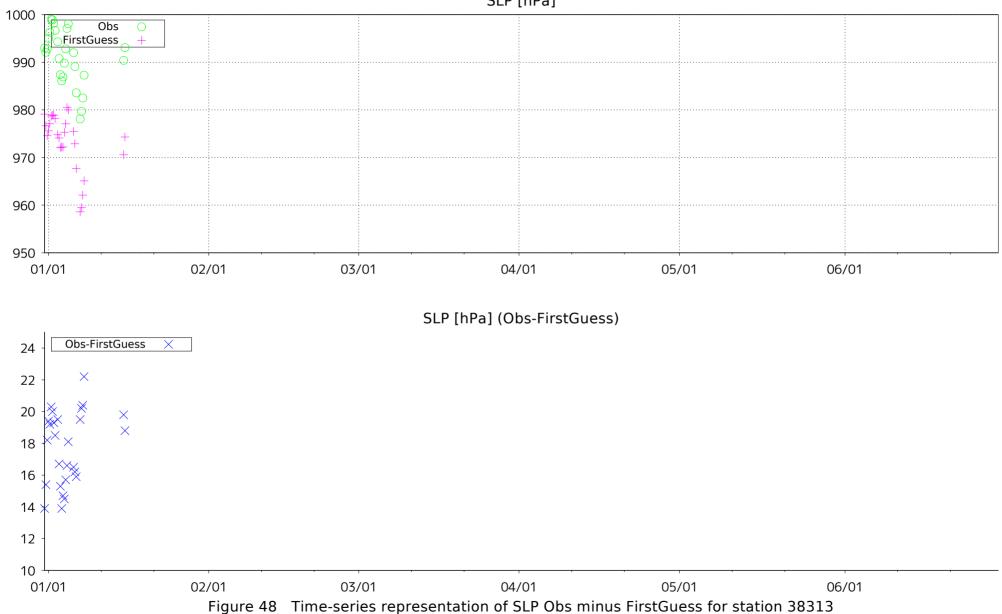
ID: 54027 (lat: 44.0N, lon: 119.4E)

Figure 46 Time-series representation of SLP Obs minus FirstGuess for station 54027

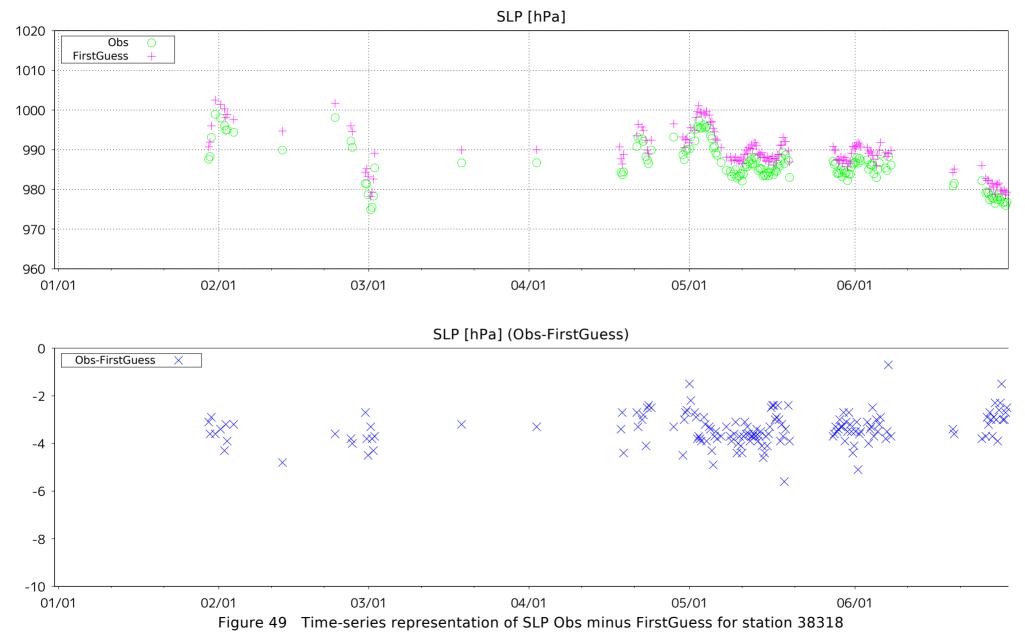




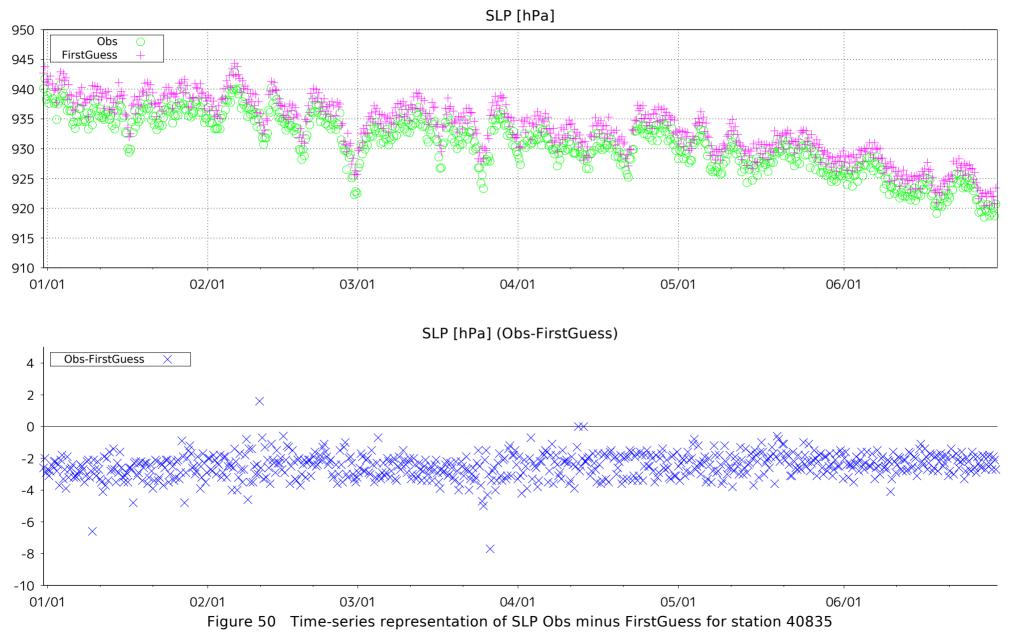
ID: 41244 (lat: 24.2N, lon: 55.9E)



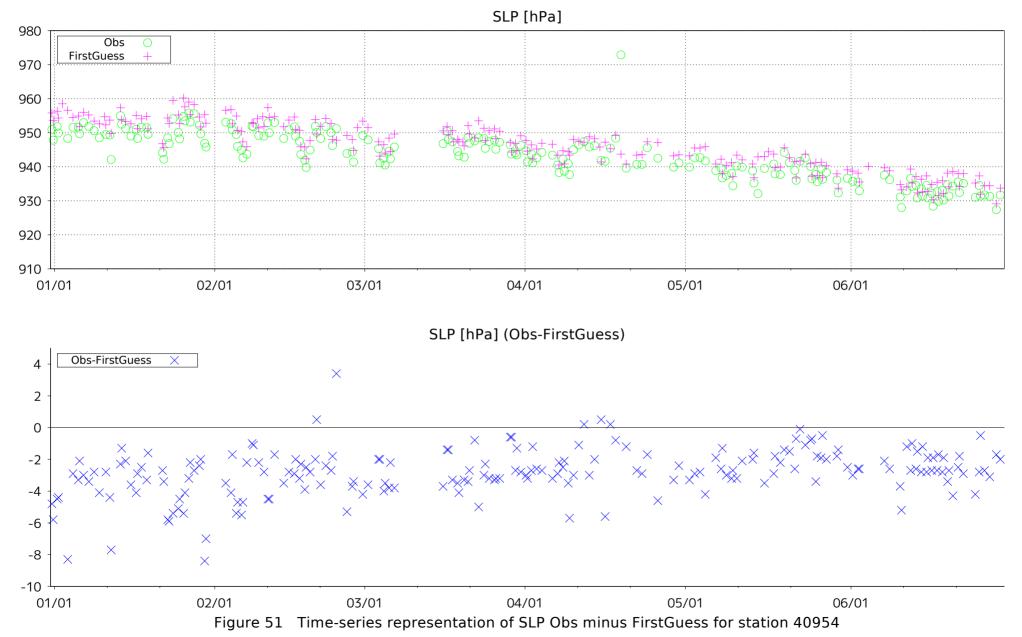
ID: 38313 (lat: 43.7N, lon: 69.0E)



ID: 38318 (lat: 42.1N, lon: 68.1E)



ID: 40835 (lat: 30.4N, lon: 50.8E)



ID: 40954 (lat: 34.4N, lon: 70.5E)